



Community profile



Loznica, March 2010.

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1 Introduction

Community profile contains data and facts that are quantifiable, clear and objectively identified.

The current data basis of the Office for Local Economic Development, Statistics Bureau and similar researches conducted for different purposes served as source of data referred to in the Profile.

The items of information are presented in the form of tables, charts and short texts. The community profile is prepared with the aim towards informing prospective foreign and domestic investors about the current situation and the conditions in the community



Table 1. Basic information about the municipality and the district (area and population), 2002

	Area	Share	in total a	rea (%)	Number of	Share i	n total po (%)	pulation	Population density
	(km ²)	Munic ipality	District	Serbia	population*	Munici pality	District	Serbia	(inhabitants / km²)
Urban zone	3,06	0,57	0,28		26.203	30,32	28,79	0.26	6.766
Rural zone	608,54	99.4	27,65		60.210	69,68	25,23	0.89	90
Municipality	612	100	18,75	0.69	86.413	100	26,22	1,15	141
District	3.264	/	100	3,69	329.625	/	100	4,4	97
Serbia	88.361	/	/	100	7.498.000	/	/	100	96

^{*} Data from Census 2002.

2 **Background information**

2.1 Location (geography)

The city of Loznica is situated in Western Serbia, near the border with Bosnia and Herzegovina. The city involves 54 places, out of which Loznica and Banja Koviljaca qualify as urban. With the area of 612 km² the city accounts for 0,5% of the territory of the Republic of Serbia. According to 2002 census, the number of population in the Municipality was 86.413, i.e. 1, 2% of the overall population in Serbia. On average, the number of residents per square kilometre is 141, meaning that the population density is much higher than average figure in Serbia, which amounts to 97 residents/km².



The territory of the Loznica city belongs to low heights climate (from 200m-500 m), more exactly, it fits into typical regional climate that comes as a result of the territory being sheltered from cold north and eastern winds by mountains and their branches. The natural position of Loznica brings about mild climate, with a high number of the hottest days in the country and low temperature oscillations. The plaints are to be found only between the city and the river Drina and in the valley of the river Jadar. The river Stira flows through Loznica, its river-beds are covered by blocks.



SI.1 Location of the city of Loznica

Loznica has good geographic-traffic network position. Main traffic lines Belgrade-Sabac-Loznica-Tuzla-Sarajevo and Bijeljina-Loznica-Mali Zvornik-Ljubovija-Bajina Bašta-Užice and onwards to the Montenegrin coastal line go through Loznica. The road Loznica-Osečina-Valjevo-Lajkovac provides access to Ibar highway. Railroad Sabac-Zvornik passes through Loznica as well.



SI. 2 Loznica municipality map

Loznica is natural, economic, traffic and cultural centre of this part of Podrinje. It played very important role in history, as border city of the Principality of Serbia, extending towards the Bosnian pashadom, when it used to b regional place, and even later, as seat of the Jadar region, afterwards the seat of Loznica Region.



Significant natural resources of the Loznica municipality are forestry fund, arable agricultural land, deposits of metals and non-metals, two spas (Banja Koviljača and Banja Badanja) with potential for development of health tourism. Banja Koviljača and Banja Badanja enjoy the status of special hospital for rehabilitation and significant municipal tourist destinations. The strongest impetus for economic development of the Loznica municipality comes from agriculture, trade, construction industry, food processing industry and tourism.

2.2 General information

Table 2. Basic information about neighborhoods and cadastral municipalities, 2006

	Municipality	District
Number of neighborhoods	54	212
Number of urban neighborhoods	2	5
Number of non-urban neighborhoods	52	207
Number of cadastral municipalities	54	212
Average area of cadastral municipality (km²)		

Table 3. Information about neighborhoods (type, number of population, area) 2002,

Table 3. Information about neignborhoods (type, number of population, area) 2002,						
No.	Neighborhood	Type of neighborhood (urban/other)	Number of population	Share in total population of the municipality (%)	Area (km²)	
1	Loznica	urban	19.863	22,99	9,53	
2	Banja Koviljača	urban	6.340	7,34	9,07	
3	Baščeluci	other	980	1,13	3,19	
4	Bradić	other	841	0,97	11,36	
5	Brezjak	other	241	0,28	7,11	
6	Brnjac	other	631	0,73	7,07	
7	Veliko Selo	other	466	0,54	8,81	
8	Voćnjak	other	1.204	1,39	5,62	
9	Gornja Badanja	other	598	0,69	14,44	
10	Gornja Borina	other	188	0,22	17,81	
11	Gornja Koviljača	other	585	0,66	10,10	
12	Gornja Sipulja	other	250	0,29	11,58	
13	Gornje Nedeljice	other	699	0,81	4,49	
14	Gornji Dobrić	other	728	0,84	8,73	
15	Grnčara	other	654	0,76	7,21	
16	Donja Badanja	other	510	0,59	11,41	
17	Donja Sipulja	other	244	0,28	12,90	
18	Donje Nedeljice	other	566	0,65	3,02	
19	Donji Dobrić	other	1.438	1,66	19,02	
20	Draginac	other	324	0,37	0,13	
21	Zajača	other	693	0,80	12,30	
22	Jadranska Lešnica	other	2.088	2,42	26,73	
23	Jarebice	other	1.324	1,53	20.97	
24	Jelav	other	679	0,79	7.98	
25	Joševa	other	1.123	1,30	19.83	
26	Jugovići	other	168	0,19	3.77	
27	Kamenica	other	189	0,22	6.62	
28	Klupci	other	7.297	8,44	4.93	
29	Kozjak	other	1.102	1,28	8.91	
30	Korenita	other	2.680	3,10	41.59	
31	Krajišnici	other	1.048	1,21	4.10	
32	Lešnica	other	4.731	5,47	28.44	
33	Lipnica	other	974	1,13	7.12	
34	Linički Šor	other	2.673	3,09	15.66	
35	Lozničko Polje	other	7.922	9,17	12.02	
36	Milina	other	228	0,26	16.60	
37	Novo Selo	other	1.404	1,62	10,83	
38	Paskovac	other	687	0,80	11.79	
39	Ploča	other	945	1,09	0.96	
40	Pomijača	other	201	0,23	6.11	
41	Ribarice	other	407	0,47	7.76	
42	Runjani	other	2.525	2,92	14.68	
43	Simino Brdo	other	244	0,28	4.97	

44	Slatina	other	214	0,25	5.69
45	Straža	other	1.018	1,18	5.49
46	Stupnica	other	941	1,09	11.88
47	Tekeriš	other	370	0,43	10.30
48	Trbosilje	other	352	0,41	15.90
49	Trbušnica	other	1.061	1,23	16.11
50	Tršić	other	1.263	1,46	11.63
51	Filipovići	other	177	0,20	3.46
52	Cikote	other	1.173	1,36	20.56
53	Čokešina	other	881	1,02	24.31
54	Šurice	other	281	0,33	3.30

Table 4. List of neighborhoods and related cadastral municipalities

	4. List of neighborhoods and related cada	
No.	Neighborhood	Cadastral municipality
1	Loznica	Loznica
2	Banja Koviljača	Banja Koviljača
3	Baščeluci	Baščeluci
4	Bradić	Bradić
5	Brezjak	Brezjak
6	Brnjac	Brnjac
7	Veliko Selo	Veliko Selo
8	Voćnjak	Voćnjak
9	Gornja Badanja	Gornja Badanja
10	Gornja Borina	Gornja Borina
11	Gornja Koviljača	Gornja Koviljača
12	Gornja Sipulja	Gornja Sipulja
13	Gornje Nedeljice	Gornje Nedeljice
14	Gornji Dobrić	Gornji Dobrić
15	Grnčara	Grnčara
16	Donja Badanja	Donja Badanja
17	Donja Sipulja	Donja Sipulja
18	Donje Nedeljice	Donje Nedeljice
19	Donji Dobrić	Donji Dobrić
20	Draginac	Draginac
21	Zajača	Zajača
22	Jadranska Lešnica	Jadranska Lešnica
23	Jarebice	Jarebice
24	Jelav	Jelav
25	Joševa	Joševa
26	Jugovići	Jugovići
27	Kamenica	Kamenica
28	Klupci	Klupci
29	Kozjak	Kozjak
30	Korenita	Korenita
31	Krajišnici	Krajišnici
32	Lešnica	Lešnica
33	Lipnica	Lipnica
34	Linički Šor	Linički Šor
35	Lozničko Polje	Lozničko Polje
36	Milina	Milina
37	Novo Selo	Novo Selo
38	Paskovac	Paskovac
39	Ploča	Ploča
40	Pomijača	Pomijača
41	Ribarice	Ribarice
42	Runjani	Runjani
43	Simino Brdo	Simino Brdo

44	Slatina	Slatina
45	Straža	Straža
46	Stupnica	Stupnica
47	Tekeriš	Tekeriš
48	Trbosilje	Trbosilje
49	Trbušnica	Trbušnica
50	Tršić	Tršić
51	Filipovići	Filipovići
52	Cikote	Cikote
53	Čokešina	Čokešina
54	Šurice	Šurice

Table 5. List of local communities (MZ)

No.	Local communities	Neighborhood of local community (MZ)	No. of population	Share of total city population (%)
1	Banja Koviljača	Banja Koviljača	6.340	7,34
2	Baščeluci	Baščeluci	980	1,13
3	Bradić	Bradić	841	0,97
4	Brezjak	Brezjak	241	0,28
5	Brnjac	Brnjac	631	0,73
6	Veliko Selo	Veliko Selo	466	0,54
7	Voćnjak	Voćnjak	1.204	1,39
8	Gornja Badanja	Gornja Badanja	598	0,69
9	Gornji Dobrić	Gornji Dobrić	728	0,84
10	Gornja Koviljača	Gornja Koviljača	585	0,66
11	Gornja Sipulja	Gornja Sipulja	244	0,28
12	Gornja Borina	Gornja Borina	188	0,22
13	Georgije Jakšić Loznica	Loznica		
14	Filip Kljajić	Loznica		
15	Centar	Loznica		
16	Crnogora	Loznica		
17	Gradilište	Loznica		
		Total neighborhood of Loznica	19.863	22,99
18	Grnčara	Grnčara	654	0,76
19	Donja Badanja	Donja Badanja	510	0,59
20	Donje Nedeljice	Donje Nedeljice	566	0,65
21	Donji Dobrić	Donji Dobrić	1.438	1,66
22	Draginac	Draginac	324	0,37
23	Zajača	Zajača	693	0,80
24	Jadranska Lešnica	Jadranska Lešnica	2.088	2,42
25	Jarebice	Jarebice	1.324	1,53
26	Jelav	Jelav	679	0,79
27	Joševa	Joševa	1.123	1,30
28	Krivajica	Jugovići i Kamenica	357	0,41
29	Klupci	Klupci	7.297	8,44
30	Kozjak	Kozjak	1.102	1,28
31	Korenita	Korenita	2.680	3,10
32	Krajišnici	Krajišnici	1.048	1,21
33	Lešnica	Lešnica	4.731	5,47
34	Lipnica	Lipnica	974	1,13
35	Linički Šor	Linički Šor	2.673	3,09
36	Stepa Stepanović	Lozničko Polje	7.922	9,17
37	Milina	Milina	228	0,26
38	Novo Selo	Novo Selo	1.404	1,62
39	Paskovac	Paskovac	687	0,80
40	Ploča	Ploča	945	1,09
41	Pomijača	Pomijača	201	0,23

42	Ribarice	Ribarice	407	0,47
43	Runjani	Runjani	2.525	2,92
44	Simino Brdo	Simino Brdo	244	0,28
45	Slatina	Slatina	214	0,25
46	Straža	Straža	1.018	1,18
47	Stupnica	Stupnica	941	1,09
48	Tekeriš	Tekeriš	370	0,43
49	Trbosilje	Trbosilje	352	0,41
50	Trbušnica	Trbušnica	1.061	1,23
51	4 Juli	Trbušnica		
51	Tršić	Tršić	1.263	1,46
52	Filipovići	Filipovići	177	0,20
53	Cikote	Cikote	1.173	1,36
54	Čokešina	Čokešina	881	1,02
55	Šurice	Šurice	281	0,33

2.3 Climate

Table 6. Climate indicators

	Municipality
TEMPERATURE	
Average air temperature – January (°C)	-0,8 °C
Average air temperature – July (°C)	20,8 °C
Average air temperature – per year (°C)	10,9 °C
Average number of frosty days – per year	
Average number of days with tropical temperature – per year	
AIR HUMIDITY	
Average humidity of air – per year (%)	
SUNNY DAYS	
Average number of bright days – per year	
Average number of cloudy days – per year	
FALLS	
Average falls – per year (mm)	68,3 mm
FALLS by TYPE	
Average number of snowy days – per year	
Average number of days with snow cover – per year	
Average number of foggy days – per year	
Average number of days with hale – per year	

2.4 Local government (administration)

The city is granted status of the legal person. Its seat is located in Loznica, St. Karadjordjeva 2. The Mayor represents and acts on behalf of the city.

The organs of the city are: City Assembly, Mayor and City Council. Apart from the organs of the city, City administration is established with the aim toward carrying out jobs within the competence of the City.

Table 7. Structure of representatives in the municipal assembly, 2008

	Number of representatives in the municipal assembly	Share in total number of representatives in the municipal assembly (%)
TOTAL	51	100
G17+	12	23,53
DS	6	11,76
DSS	4	7,84
NS	4	7,84
LDP	1	1,96
SPS	5	9,80
SRS	12	23,53
SDP	1	1,96
SPO	1	1,96
Citizens' groups	4	7,84
Minority parties		
Others	1	1,96



The city one-stop shop is fully adjusted to the needs of residents. The department is designated for provision of administrative services to clients with maximum efficiency as well as minimal waste of time. The department has 11 information desks for admission of clients by the local administration officers. The department is equipped with computers and telephone lines so that residents can get all the required document promptly. The introduction of 96 system, which will enhance effective management of the local self-administration and enable investors to obtain all necessary permits within record deadline, is underway.



2.5 History, tradition and cultural heritage

In past years, the Jadar region, although small in size, had been a scene of major events of national, European and world relevance. The reason for this lies primarily in the fact that it is situated near the rivers Drina and Sava, which used to be border of states, kingdoms and civilizations.

The city of Loznica is an old settlement. It is thought that the city was set up on locality with remains of the Roman settlement AD Drinum.



Through history, the place is referred to several times: in King Milutin's charter from XIII century, in 1528 and 1548, as a village in Ticar region and later on, as Tisnica. The legend says that the name of the city is derived from the dominant phytogeographical feature of the terrain – wild vine plant, on which it grew up. The settlement of Loznica was established as city in 1834, a year after accession of the Principality of Serbia. Apart from the primary schools for boys that worked with interruptions from 1795, the city got primary school for upper grades for girls, although incomplete in 1871. Already in 1888 the city of Loznica had financial bureau, savings bank, court, hospital.

The railroad reached Loznica by the beginning of XX century. Industrial process started in Loznica by the beginning of 50-s of the XX century, by the erection of the Viskoza factory- industry of viscose products and pulp. The range and impact of the industrial production of Viskoza stepped up development of other economic areas (traffic, trade, construction, craftsman industry, banking, tourism, etc.)

Archaeological localities from the early neolith testify about the past times (Starčevačka culture, period 4500-3000 B.C.) and Roman period, Monasteries of Tronoša and Čokešina, The Church of Holy Virgin's shroud in Loznica, monuments on Gučevo and Tekeriš and ethno village Tršić



3 Natural resources

Table 8. Structure of land, 2006

	Municipality (km²)	Share in total area of the municipality (%)	Share of municipality in the same type land in the district (%)	District (km²)	Share of the district in the same type land in Serbia (%)	Serbia (km²)
Total area	612	100	18,75	3.264	0,69	88.361
Agricultural land	363	59,3	16,5	2.200	0,72	50.520
Arable land	290	47	16,48	1.760	0,88	32.987
Forests	167	27	21,97	760	0,84	19.845

3.1 RELIEF AND GEOLOGIC SUBSTRATE

In physical-geographical sense, the territory of the city falls under Lower Podrinje. Three morphologically distinct units are noticeable in its relief: mountain massifs towards northeast (Cer 687 m) and Iverak (426 m), the area of mountains around the river Drina towards southeast (Gučevo 779 m) and north part of Boranja (881m) and plain and hillside terrains between the two units (the valley of the river Drina with Jadar and Lesnica).



3.1.1. Alluvial valley of the river Drina

The right side of the alluvial valley of the river Drina belongs to Loznica municipality, from Gornja Koviljaca to north area from the Lesnica locality. The Drina valley, with minor river basins, occupies the area of 34,67 km2. Its width ranges from 500 m at Koviljača, to 7 km downstream Loznica. Meridian direction of the river Drina, along this line, is caused by the fissure line, linked to thermal waters of Banja Koviljaca and Radaljska Banja.



3.1.2.Gučevo

Gučevo is the most west-extending part of the Podrinjsko-Valjevsko region mountains. It arises from the Drina valley, by steep slopes, interrupted by Drina waters, and extends toward southeast, towards Dinarski mountain region. The mountain range has arched form — upfold nose. The length of the mountain of Gucevo, from the river Drina to the Beli saddle (692 m), from which the mountain of Boranja starts, amounts to 15 km. The average width of the mountain range is 8-10 km.



Podrinje section of the mountain belongs to the Loznica municipality, after that the border follows the main crest, with the highest points of Crni vrh (779 m) and Kulište (700 m). Further on, the border involves the spring section of the Borinska river, cuts the spring branches of Korenita and leaves the majority of the grandioritic section of Boranja to Krupanj municipality. In extension, the border comes down to Jadar, i.e. cuts through Jadar .

3.2 CLIMATE CONDITIONS

Situated between the mountains of Cer and Iverak, on the north and northeast, mountain of Vlasic on east, Gucevo and Kostajnik and branches of Boranja, on the south, opened toward west and northwest, topography of Loznica city territory reminds of huge amphitheatre-giant horseshoe. Sheltered by the mountains and their branches from cold north and eastern winds, Loznica with its vicinity, forms special oasis of regional climate, by which it significantly differs from climates of the neighbouring regions.

Namely, the summers in Loznica are somewhat colder and winters warmers than in neighbouring cities. Opened towards west and northwest and thus exposed to primarily humid air currents, the city of Loznica has somewhat larger amounts of rainfall in comparison to neighbouring territories. That is why its flora is more exuberant, the water currents are larger and more stable, and water springs are more numerous and powerful.



The average annual temperature of the air in Loznica is $110^{\rm C}$ C, the actual lasting of the sunshine (effective insolation) on average annual level amounts to 2.041 hrs, the precipitation annual average level is 800-1000 mm , wind frequency is relatively low – 282%o. Taken into consideration the previously mentioned indicators it can be said that climate of Loznica and its vicinity is very favourable.

3.3 WATER RESOURCES

In terms of water resources the city of Loznica certainly ranks among the best areas in Serbia. Its water resources are significant and versatile, consisting of surface water currents- rivers, underground waters, ordinary and thermal-mineral springs.

The river network of the city is composed by all water currents on its territory. Except for the Cokesina river (which springs on the northwest slopes of Cer and belongs directly to the Sava river basin) all other water currents are in the Drina river basin. The most important among them, after Drina, are: Jadar, Lesnica, Štira and Žeravija.

3.3. 1 The river Drina

The river Drina is the most important water current on the territory of the Loznica city. It flows along its western side, starting from the village of Gornja Koviljaca, to next to Skocica Island. On its way towards the river Save it flows through wide bottom of the former Panonian sea.

The Drina river basis is spacious – 19.570 km2. Drina is made by joining of the rivers Piva and Tara near Šćepan Polja. Along its whole length of 345 km, until the confluence into the river Sava, near Bosanska Raca, the Drina river basin is very versatile in terms of geological composition, height above the sea level, hydrography, ore deposits, flora and fauna. This diversity sets the scene for complementary economy, and makes unique natural rarity.



Drina is right-side and the major tributary of the river Sava. It is unique in many aspects and provides possibilities for development of rare and very popular kinds of tourism. With its length of 345 km, Drina has over 150 km of "rafting routes", over 170 km of kayak river lines (out of which 70 km on rapids/quick waters) and about 150 km of "reservoir lake" slow water surfaces, created for the needs of power plants.

3.3. 1 The river Jadar

The most important tributary of the river Drina in Loznica municipality is the river Jadar, after which the whole region was named. The lower part of the river basin belongs to Loznica. This is a river of Jadar valley which connects all three tectonic and morphological entities of the Loznica region by its hydro-geographical and valley network. The Jadar river basin covers the area of 896,2 km2. The length of the river is 72,5 km, while the length of watershed is 173 km. Out of the overall river basin area 274,8 km2 belongs to Loznica municipality or 30,7% of the river basin. Only lower left parts of the Jadar tributaries belong to Loznica community: Brezovica, Rakovica, Stupnica river and Korenita.



3.3.3 Underground waters and springs

Territory of the Loznica city is rich in large reserves of the underground waters. Their major section is focused in the so called ordinary or freatic outcrop in loose alluvial deposits of Drina, to less extent of Jadar and even Lesnica. This outcrop lies at 2-8 m depth. All underground waters move towards alluvial plain of the river Drina. That is why it alluvium valley is very rich collector of underground waters. It is possible to get 100 to 200 litres of water per second. From its kapraže . The waters are of good quality and present the most important source of the water supply for the population and industry of Loznica and settlements in municipality in general.



The strongest springs in the Loznica municipality are linked to fissures through which waters from higher debts, with spacious feeding areas break into surface. The strongest among them is such a spring near monastery Tronosa, with maximum yield of 5,5 l/s. It is capped into drinking fountain »Devet Jogovića«, with ten "pipes" from which strong jets of crystal clean cold water gush. The spring is real jewel and specific natural and cultural-historic monument. The water spring "Belog" is also worth mentioning, which springs from the peak of the same name.

3.3.5 Thermal springs

Springs of thermal-mineral waters add to the rich water resources and its variety in the Loznica municipality. The occurrence of the springs is linked to numerous fissure lines , as well as to earlier poor volcano activities.

The most important are the waters of Banja Koviljača, which come out in several springs; according to content of the dissolved chemical elements they are classified as alkaline –muriatic, ferriferous, sulphurous. The most recent researches show that the Banja Koviljaca waters is HCO3, ClNa, Ca, Mg tipa, overall mineralization, 1,41 g/l, temperature around 300C and hardness (pH) 6,6.



Banja Badanja is situated on the south slope of Iverak, in the area of the village of Donja Badanja, in the valley of the river Cernica. There are two springs in the spa: »Main spring« of sulphurous water and spring »Iron waters «. Water temperature is in the range e 15-180C, total mineralization 0,8 g/l, hardness 7,0, with significantly increased radioactivity.

Strong and permanent spring of mineral waters comes out on the fissure line between the villages of Joševa and Kamenica. Local dwellers call it »Banja« and attribute healing properties to it. The water springs on several places from granite layer, contains CO2 and some ferrous elements.



3.3.5 Flora and fauna

Geological substrate of the city of Loznica is hugely diverse and steep slopes of the hills with different expositions allow for development of a high number of plant species. Substantial quantities of rainfall in Western Serbia, and especially the rivers Drina and Jadar as well as many rivers and streams make its climate less humid, due to evaporation, rendering it thus suitable for growth of various species.



The height zones are of relevance for the vegetation, as well as the geological substrate. We can therefore divide the species into plains, hills and mountains types.

The most important are: forest species of the plains: white willow, ashen willow, poplar, black alder, European ash, oak, etc.; forest species of the hillside and mountainside region: oak, white hornbeam, black hornbeam, black European ash, beech, locust tree, etc. Species of herbaceous plants are also present: various grasses, meadow plants (especially herbs, such as Klamath weed, centaury, yarrow, thyme, etc., and other agricultural species.



The rivers in the Loznica city fall among clear current waters. The waters of streams and small rivers that flow into the rivers of Lesnica and Jadar are particularly clean; the river Drina is also very quick and clean. For this reason this territory is considered well preserved in terms of varieties of fish species. Following kinds of fish can be caught in these rivers: catfish, hutchen, nose-carp, trout, carp, chub, barbell, grayling, pike, perch, etc.

Mammal species characteristic of other terrain of Serbia in hillside-mountain side range can be found within the Loznica municipality region. The most important for hunting are: rabbits, fox, dormouse, wolf, roe deer, wild boar, etc. There are no endemic species within the city territory.

Over fifty species of birds flow over the river Drina and its reservoirs or stay shortly in its vicinity. Following species are relevant for hunting grey partridge, chukar partridge, quail, mallard and pheasant.



4. Human resources

According to 2002 census, 86.413 people live in the municipality, or 1,2% of the overall population in Serbia. The average number of people per square meter is 141, rendering population density much higher than average figure in Serbia, which amount to 97 residents /km²



4.1 Population statistics (number of inhabitants and population growth)

Table 9. Comparative population statistics, census data

	1948	1953	1961	1971	1981	1991	2002
Number of population in the municipality*	53.436	59.796	70.534	78.228	84.180	86.875	86.413
Change of population number	1	6.360	10.738	7694	5952	2695	-462
Population growth in the municipality (%)	1	118	110,9	107,6	103,2	105,7	103,6
Number of population in the district*	270.053	293.169	311.916	324.427	338.247	339.644	346.894
Population growth in the district (%)	1	106,4	104,0	104,3	100,4	102,1	100,1
Population growth in Serbia (%)	/	108,4	107,9	107,3	101,2	100,9	99,0

^{*} Number of population calculated by the previous methodology (used before census 1991)

Table 10. Estimated number of population in the period 2000-2006

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Number of population in the municipality		86.642	86.413	85.978	85.631	85.219	84.074
Overall change of population number in the municipality	1	330.887	329.116	327.161	325.118	322.703	320.029
Population growth in the municipality (%)	/	330.887	329.116	327.161	325.118	322.703	320.029
Population growth in the district (%)	/	7.503.433	7.500.031	7.480.591	7.463.157	7.440.769	7.411.569
Population growth in Serbia (%)	/	86.642	86.413	85.978	85.631	85.219	84.074

4.2 Population by type of neighborhood

Table 11. Structure of population by type of neighborhood, 2002

	Municipality		District		Serbia	
	Number	Share (%)	Number Share (%)		Number	Share (%)
Urban population	26.203	30,32	91.014	27,61	4.225.895	56,36
Other population	60.210	69,68	238.611	72,39	3.272.105	43,64
Total population	86.413	100	329.625	100	7.498.000	100

4.3 Population events

Table 12. Population events, 2006

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Newborn	716	2.756	68.102
Newborn per 1000 of population	8,5	8,7	9,2
Deceased	993	4.557	102.805
Deceased per 1000 of population	11,8	14,4	13,9
Birth rate	-277	-1.801	-34.703
Birth rate per 1000 of population			

Table 13. Structure of female population above 15, by number of newborn children, 2002

		Municipality	Share in female population above 15 in the municipality (%)
Total		36.886	100
Did not give birth		9.058	25,56
	1 child	5.156	13,98
Gave	2	15.802	42,84
birth	3	4.484	12,16
Dirtii	4	1.327	3,60
	5 and more	1.059	2,87

4.4 Population by marital status

Table 14. Structure of population above 15 by marital status and age, 2002

		O .
	Municipality	Share in total population of the municipality (%)
Total	72.020	100
Single	17.494	24.29
Married	44.762	62,15
Divorced	2.114	2,94
Widows / widowers	7.118	9,88
Unknown	532	0,74

4.5 Major age groups

Table 15. Structure of population by age and gender, 2002

		Municipality	Share in total population of the municipality (%)
	total	06.442	
Total population	total	86.413	100
Total population	male	42.531	49,22
	femal	43.882	50,78
0.4	total	4.120	4.77
0-4	male	2.125	2,46
	femal	1.995	2,31
	total	4.754	5,50
5-9	male	2.427	2,81
	femal	2.327	2,69
10-14	total	5.519	6,39
	male	2.845	3,29
	femal	2.674	3,09
	total	6.518	7,54
15-19	male	3.286	3,80
	femal	3.232	3,74
	total	6.123	7,09
20-24	male	3.161	3,66
	femal	2.962	3,43
	total	6.012	6,96
25-29	male	3.030	3,51
	femal	2.982	3,45
	total	5.412	6,26
30-34	male	2.763	3,20
	femal	2.649	3,07
	total	5.791	6,70
35-39	male	2.787	3,23
00 00	femal	3.004	3,48
	total	6.799	7,87
40-44	male	3.405	3,94
40-44	femal	3.394	3,93
	total	7.368	8,53
45-49	male	3.767	
40-49			4,36
	femal	3.601	4,17
50.54	total	5.991	6,93
50-54	male	3.012	3,49
	femal	2.979	3,45
	total	4.130	4,78
55-59	male	2.041	2,36
	femal	2.089	2,42
	total	4.694	5,43
60-64	male	2.178	2,52
	femal	2.516	2,91
	total	5.168	5,98
65-69	male	2.347	2,72
	femal	2.821	3,26
	total	4.092	4,74
70-74	male	1.830	2,12
	femal	2.262	2,62
	total	2.136	2,47
75-79			
75-79	male	//6	0,90
75-79	male femal	776 1.360	0,90 1,57

male	274	0,32
femal	492	0,57
total	124	0,14
male	50	0,06
femal	74	0,09
total	56	0,06
male	15	0,02
femal	41	0,05
total	8	0,01
male	2	0,00
femal	6	0,01
total	442	0,51
male	410	0,47
femal	432	0,50
	femal total male femal total male femal total male femal total male femal total	femal 492 total 124 male 50 femal 74 total 56 male 15 femal 41 total 8 male 2 femal 6 total 442 male 410

Table 16. Structure of population according to basic categories, 2002

rance for an actains of population according to hacits caregories, _co_								
	Munici	pality, 2002	Municipality, 2006					
	Number of population	Share in total population of the municipality (%)	Number of population*	Share in total population of the municipality (%)				
Preschool age 0-6	6.021	6,97	6.141	7,30				
School age 7-14	8.372	9,69	7.519	8,94				
Working age 15-64	58.838	68,09	57.436	68,32				
Population above 65	12.350	14,29						
Population above 18	1	1	67.277	80,02				
Fertile women 15-49	21.824	25,26	20.078	23,88				
Total	86.413	100	84.074	100				

^{*} estimate by RSO

Table 17. Age indicators, 2006.

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Average age	39,78	40,54	40,89
Expected life time - male	70,45	69,92	70,45
Expected life time - female	76,17	75,09	75,82
Aging index*	88,04	96,45	103,17

Age index = Number o population aged 60 years or more

Number o population aged up to 19 years inclusive

4.6 Gender structure of population

Table 18. Gender structure, 2002

	Municipality	Structure of population in the municipality (%)	Structure of population in the district (%)	Structure of population u Serbia (%)
Male	86.413	49,22	49,45	48,63
Female	42.531	50,78	50,55	51,37
Total	43.882	100	100	100

4.7 Ethnic structure of population

Table 19. Ethnic/national structure of population, 2002

Table 13. Ltl	Municipality District Serbia								
	iviunio		DIS		Serbia				
	Number	Share in total population (%)	Number	Share in total population (%)	Number	Share in total population (%)			
Serbs	83.729	96,86	317.658	96,37	6212.838	82,86			
Montenegrins	118	0,14	419	0,13	69.049	0,92			
Yugoslavs	210	0,24	872	0,26	80.721	1,08			
Albanians	4	0,0046	15	0,005	61.647	0,82			
Bosniaks	3	0,0035	131	0,04	136.087	1,81			
Bulgarians	4	0,0046	19	0,01	20.497	0,27			
Bunjevci	1	0,0012	6	0,0018	20.012	0,27			
Vlachs	1	0,0012	1	0,0003	40.054	0,53			
Gorani			42	0,01	4.581	0,06			
Hungarians	20	0,02	97	0,03	293.299	3,91			
Macedonians	45	0,05	152	0,05	25.847	0,34			
Muslims	555	0,64	1.859	0,56	19.503	0,26			
Germans	10	0,01	28	0,01	3.901	0,05			
Roma	428	0,50	3.225	0,98	108.193	1,44			
Romanians	7	0,01	54	0,02	34.576	0,46			
Russians	28	0,03	89	0,03	2.588	0,03			
Ruthenians	4	0,0046	12	0,004	15.905	0,21			
Slovaks	6	0,01	26	0,01	59.021	0,79			
Slovenians	19	0,02	69	0,02	5.104	0,07			
Ukrainians	10	0,01	36	0,01	5.354	0,07			
Croats	86	0,10	363	0,11	70.602	0,94			
Czechs	5	0,01	16	0,005	2.211	0,03			
Others	30	0,03	138	0,04	11.711	0,16			
Undecided	511	0,59	1.551	0,47	107.732	1,44			
Regional belonging	22	0,03	73	0,02	11.485	0,15			
Unknown	557	0,64	2.664	0,81	75.483	1,01			
Total	86.413	100	329.625	100	7.498.000	100			

4.8 Religious structure of population

Table 20. Religious structure of population, 2002

	Munic	ipality	Dis	trict	Ser	bia
	Number	(%)	Number	(%)	Number	(%)
Muslims	537	0,621	2.255	0,684	239.658	3,196
Jews	2	0,002	4	0,001	785	0,010
Catholics	139	0,161	566	0,172	410.976	5,481
Orthodox	83.811	96,99	318.911	96,75	6.371.584	84,98
Protestants	51	0,059	235	0,071	80.837	1,078
Pro-oriental cults	4	0,005	18	0,005	530	0,007
Other religion	47	0,054	169	0,051	18.768	0,250
Believer, but is not a member of any religious confession					473	0,006
Undeclared	848	0,981	2.797	0,849	197.031	2,628
Is not a believer	59	0,068	363	0,110	40.068	0,534
Unknown	915	1,059	4.307	1,307	137.291	1,8321
Total	46.413	100	329.625	100	7.498.000	100

4.9 Language structure of population

Table 21. Language structure of population, 2002.

Table 211 Language of details of population, 20021									
	Munic	ipality	Dist	trict	Sei	rbia			
	Number	(%)	Number	(%)	Number	(%)			
Serbian	85.622	99,08	324.492	98,44	6.620.699	83.3			
Albanian	1	0,001	8	0,002	63.835	0,851			
Bosnian	3	0,003	77	0,023	134.749	1,797			
Bulgarian	3	0,003	13	0,004	16.459	0,22			
Vlachs	1	0,001	2	0,001	54.818	0,731			
Hungarian	15	0,017	70	0,021	286.508	3,821			
Macedonian	33	0,038	108	0,033	14.355	0,191			
Roma	103	0,119	1.741	0,528	82.242	1,097			
Romanian	7	0,008	70	0,021	34.515	0,460			
Slovak	6	0,007	21	0,006	57.498	0,767			
Croatian	40	0,046	205	0,062	27.588	0,368			
Other languages	87	0,101	295	0,089	40.858	0,545			
Unknown	492	0,569	2.123	0,644	63.877	0,852			
Total	86.413	100	329.625	100	7.498.000	100			

4.10 Population by work-ability

4.10.1 Structure population by work-ability and gender

Table 22. Population by work-ability and gender, 2002

		Municipality	Share in total population of the municipality (%)	Share in total work-able population of the municipality (%)
Total Population		86.413	100	/
Active (work-able)	Total	40.634	47,023	100
population	male	23.269	26,928	57,26
population	female	17.365	20,095	42,74
Employed active	Total	28.752	33,273	70.76
Employed active population	male	17.395	20,130	42,81
population	female	11.357	13,143	27,95
With paragnal	Total	14.064	16,275	/
With personal income	male	7.174	8,302	/
income	female	6.890	7,973	/
	Total	31.502	36,455	/
Supported	male	11.961	13,842	/
	female	19.541	22,613	/
Working abroad	Total	213	0,246	/
Working abroad (to 1 year)	working	161	0,186	/
(to i year)	Family members	52	0,060	/

4.10.2 Working population by profession and sector of work

Table 23. Structure of working population by profession and gender, 2002

Total* M 16.846 448 851 1.955 706 1.314 3.142 3.150 2.797 1.826 116 741 Agriculture, T 16.326 9 58 140 51 48 5.646 60 123 186 55	Table 23. Str	uc	ture of		g popu	lation by	profe			nder, 2				
Table Tabl				Legislators,	Cnasi-li t		Dutation		•		Moghin	Unskilled,	N 4:1:4 = ::	
Table Tabl			Total	officials	workers	Technicians	servants			Craftsmen	operators	simple	officers	Unknowr
Total* M 16.846							001141110				oporato.o	jobs	000.0	
First Firs		Т	28.062	658	1.623	4.836	1.308	3.144	5.678	3.577	3.473	2.588	117	1.060
Agriculture, bunting and long multing multing and long mu	Total*	M	16.846	448	851	1.955	706	1.314	3.142	3.150	2.797	1.626	116	741
Numing and M 3.602 9 38 66 23 21 3.117 57 119 147 5		F	11.216	210	772	2.881	602	1.830	2.536	427	676	962	1	319
Fishery	Agriculture,	Т	6.326	9	58	140	51	48	5.646	60	123	186		5
Fishery M 3	hunting and	M	3.602	9	38	66	23	21	3.117	57	119	147		5
Fishery N 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	forestry	F	2.724		20	74	28	27	2.529	3	4	39		
F 2		Т	5				1	1	3					
Mining industry M 183	Fishery	M	3				1		2					
Mining industry Marcol 183 1		F	2					1	1					
F 27		Т	210	1	10	27	13	6	1	33	94	10		15
Processing industry M 4.644 68 181 714 163 94 8 1.332 1.539 408 157 F 2.253 11 89 611 114 171 1 330 624 244 58	Mining industry	/M	183	1	7	19	6	4	1	32	91	8		14
Processing industry		F	27		3	8	7	2		1	3	2		1
industry	D	Т	6.897	79	250	1.325	277	265	9	1.662	2.163	652		215
F 2.253 11 89 611 114 1/1 1 330 624 244 58	•	M	4.644	68	181	714	163	94	8	1.332	1.539	408		157
Energy	industry	F	2.253	11	89	611	114	171	1	330	624	244		58
F 101		Т	730	1	50	192	53	4		253	111	50		16
Construction	Energy	M	629	1	39	134	33	4		250	109	45		14
Construction M 1.582 20 31 75 42 18 1 793 132 466 1 3 F 184 2 9 91 26 9 1 10 3 32 1 1 Transport M 1.723 200 34 169 103 620 3 305 100 98 71 Hotels and restaurants T 744 43 6 47 36 396 28 7 173 8 Hotels and restaurants T 744 43 6 47 36 396 28 7 173 8 Hotels and restaurants T 744 43 6 47 36 396 28 7 173 8 Hotels and restaurants T 10 43 3 5 25 227 15 92 3 Taransport and communication 10		F	101		11	58	20			3	2	5		2
F 184		Т	1.766	22	40	166	68	27	2	803	135	498		4
F 184	Construction	М	1.582	20	31	75	42	18	1	793	132	466	1	3
Trade M 1.723 200 34 169 103 620 3 305 100 98 71 F 1.823 116 45 263 103 1.185 3 21 7 57 23 Hotels and restaurants T 744 43 6 47 36 396 28 7 173 8 M408336 35 3 12 11 169 13 7 81 5 Transport and communication T 7.1 207 51 21 182 168 54 1 103 494 92 221 Transport and communication T 1.00 50 14 77 137 44 1 98 490 69 19 Transport and communication T 1.00 50 14 77 137 44 1 98 490 69 19 Tail 207 1 7 <t< td=""><td></td><td>F</td><td>184</td><td>2</td><td>9</td><td>91</td><td>26</td><td>9</td><td>1</td><td>10</td><td>3</td><td>32</td><td>1</td><td></td></t<>		F	184	2	9	91	26	9	1	10	3	32	1	
F 1.823 116 45 263 103 1.185 3 21 7 57 23 Hotels and restaurants		Т	3.546	316	79	432	206	1.805	6	326	127	155		94
Hotels and restaurants T 744	Trade	М	1.723	200	34	169	103	620	3	305	100	98		71
Hotels and restaurants		F	1.823	116	45	263	103	1.185	3	21	7	57		23
Hotels and restaurants M408336 35 3 12 11 169 13 7 81 5 5 15 15 15 15 15		Т	744	43	6	47	36	396		28	7	173		8
Transport and communication F 408 8 3 35 25 227 15 92 3 Transport and communication F 207 1 7 105 51 10 4 4 1 98 490 69 19 Financial activities F 141 1 19 78 28 1 1 1 8 4 1 1 9 3 3 Real estate T 584 9 121 168 79 50 1 27 15 76 18 operations and M 317 7 81 62 51 43 25 10 25 12 other business related activities F 247 2 40 106 28 7 2 5 51 6 administration M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 7 2 1 19 1 3 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 17 18 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 8 3 212 6		М	408336	35	3	12	11	169		13	7	81		
Transport and communication F 207 1 7 105 51 10 4 4 23 2 2	restaurants					35	25	227						
communication M 1.000 50 14 77 137 444 1 98 490 69 19 F 207 1 7 105 51 10 4 4 23 2 Financial activities T 219 6 37 106 40 3 1 9 13 4 Financial activities M 78 5 18 28 12 1 1 8 4 1 Real estate T 584 9 121 168 79 50 1 27 15 76 18 operations and Model and Model and Model activities 7 81 62 51 43 25 10 25 12 related F 247 2 40 106 28 7 2 5 51 6 Public T 862 23 150 222 95	.	Т	1.207	51			168	54	1		494	92		
Financial activities T 219 6 37 106 40 3 1 9 13 4 Financial activities T 219 6 37 106 40 3 1 9 13 4 Financial activities F 141 1 1 19 78 28 2 1 1 9 3 Real estate T 584 9 121 168 79 50 1 27 15 76 18 Operations and M 317 7 81 62 51 43 25 10 25 12 Other business related F 247 2 40 106 28 7 2 5 51 6 Control of the control of th	-	M	1.000	50	14	77	137	44	1	98	490	69		19
Financial activities M 78 5 18 28 12 1 1 8 4 1	communication	'F	207	1	7	105	51	10		4	4	23		2
activities	E	Т	219	6	37	106	40	3		1	9	13		4
Real estate T 584 9 121 168 79 50 1 27 15 76 18 operations and M 317 7 81 62 51 43 25 10 25 12 other business related F 247 2 40 106 28 7 2 5 51 6 activities Public T 862 23 150 222 95 209 9 13 21 115 5 administration M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 2 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6		М	78	5	18	28	12	1		1	8	4		1
Real estate operations and Mogrations are lated activities. F 247	activities	F	141	1	19	78	28	2	1		1	9		3
other business related F 247 2 40 106 28 7 2 5 51 6 activities Public T 862 23 150 222 95 209 9 13 21 115 5 administration M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 2 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6	Real estate	Т	584	9	121	168	79	50	1	27	15	76		18
other business related F 247 2 40 106 28 7 2 5 51 6 activities Public T 862 23 150 222 95 209 9 13 21 115 5 administration M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 2 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6	operations and	М	317	7	81	62	51	43		25	10	25		12
activities Public T 862 23 150 222 95 209 9 13 21 115 5 administration M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 2 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6				2										6
Public T 862 23 150 222 95 209 9 13 21 115 5 administration M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 2 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6				_	.0	. 30	_0	·		_				
administration and defense M 567 16 80 111 21 202 7 12 2 114 2 and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6		Т	862	23	150	222	95	209		9	13	21	115	5
and defense F 295 7 70 111 74 7 2 1 19 1 3 T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6	administration	M			80		21							
Education T 1.161 10 395 527 25 35 11 22 127 1 8 Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6	and defense	F			70		74						1	
Education M 397 7 147 169 7 7 11 21 22 1 5 F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6		Т					25	35		11			1	
F 764 3 248 358 18 28 1 105 3 Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6	Education												1	
Health care T 1.685 2 292 907 42 103 49 39 244 7 and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6														
and social M 385 122 99 11 43 41 36 32 1 protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6	Health care	Т								49				
protection F 1.300 2 170 808 31 60 8 3 212 6														
				2										
Other utility 696 77 62 180 62 129 9 26 29 114 8	Other utility	Т	696	77	62	180	62	129	9	26	29	114		8

and public	M	401	23	43	112	39	36	8	22	26	86	6
activities	F	295	54	19	68	23	93	1	4	3	28	2
Private	Т	1					1					
households-	M											
employers	F	1					1					
Exterritorial	Т	1							1			
organizations	M											
and bodies	F	1							1			
	Т	1.442	9	52	215	72	8		185	92	177	632
Unknown	M	999	6	33	108	46	8		162	77	133	426
	F	443	3	19	107	26			23	15	44	206

^{*}T – Total; M – male; F – female.

4.11 Educational structure of population

Table 24. Structure of population above 15 according to level of education, 2002

		Mui	nicipality (Numb	er)		Municipality (%)		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Total Population	ı (>15)	72.020	35.134	36.886	100	100	100	
Unqualified	Total	5.818	968	4.847	8,08	1,34	6,92	
Oriqualified	illiterate	3.505	351	3.154	4,87	0,49	4,50	
1-3 grades –	Total	1.708	529	1.179	2,37	0,73	1,68	
elementary	illiterate	25	7	18	0,03	0,01	0,03	
4-7 grades – ele	ementary	9.298	4.347	4.951	12,91	6,04	7,07	
Basic general hi	igh	9.298	4.347	4.951	12,91	6,04	7,07	
Full general high	h	16.050	7.825	8.225	22,29	10,87	11,75	
Basic higher		32.388	17.715	14.673	44,97	24,60	20,96	
Full higher		2.780	1.438	1.342	3,86	2,00	1,92	
Unknown		2.654	1.524	1.130	3,69	2,12	1,61	
Illiterate - Total		1.326	787	539	1,84	1,09	0,77	



4.12 Families and household

4.12.1Families

Table 25. Structure of families according to number of children, 2002

	Municipality	Share in total families in the municipality (%)
Total families	25.291	100
Families without children	7.285	28,80
Families with children	18.006	71,20
Families with one child	7.745	30,62
Families with two children	8.693	34,37
Families with three children	1.386	5,48
Families with four children	154	0,61
Families with five and more children	28	0,11
Families with children below 25	14.267	56,41
Children below 25	24.590	1
Average number of children below 25 per family	0,97	1

Table 26. Structure of families by type, 2002.

	Municipality	Share in total families of the municipality (%)
Total families	25.291	100
Couples without children	7.285	28,80
Couples with children	14.697	58,11
Single mothers with children	2.608	10,31
Single fathers with children	701	2,77

4.12.2 Households

Table 27. Structure of households according to number of members, 2002

		Number	Share in total households of the municipality (%)
	Total	22.272	100
	With one member	4.649	20,87
	2	6.178	27,74
	3	4.980	22,36
Households in the	4	6.552	29,42
municipality	5	2.650	11,90
mamorpanty	6	1.634	7,34
	7	444	1,99
	8	106	0,48
	9	41	0,18
	10 and more	38	0,17
Average number of	Municipality	3,15	/
Average number of household members	District	3,13	/
nousenoia members	Serbia	2,97	/

4.13 Migration of population

4.13.1 Moved in

Table 28. Moved in according to time periods

		Number	Share in total number of people who moved in (%)	Share in total number of people in municipality (%)
Number of p	eople in municipality	86.413	/	100
	eople who live in from the beginning	45.458	/	52,61
	Total	40.955	100	47,39
	1940 and before	367	0,90	0,42
	1941-1945	402	0,98	7,08
Moved in	1946-1960	6.122	14,95	7,49
	1961-1970	6.475	15,81	6,71
	1971-1980	5.796	14,15	6,73
	1981-1990	5.818	14,21	13,29
	1991-2002	11.480	28,03	5,20
	Unknown	4.495	10,98	

Table 29. Structure of people who moved in according to the area of origin, 1940-2002

		Municipality	Share in total number of people who moved in the municipality (%)
Moved in – Total		40.955	100
	Serbia – Total	31.832	77,72
	Other place within the municipality	19.805	48,36
	Central Serbia	10.815	26,41
	Vojvodina	1.058	2,58
	Kosovo	154	0,38
Moved in from	Montenegro	170	0,42
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	6.827	16,67
	Croatia	1.235	3,02
	Macedonia	93	0,23
	Slovenia	135	0,33
	Other countries	306	0,75
	Unknown	357	0,87

4.13.2 Daily commuting

Table 30. Daily commuting according to the type, 2002

		Municipality	Share in total number of people commuting (%)
Daily commuting – Total		14.011	100
	Total	10.014	71,47
Daily commuting	Other neighborhood in the same municipality	9.149	65,30
to work	Other municipality	545	3,89
	Other country	190	1,36
	Unknown	130	0,93
	Total	3.997	28,53
	Pupils	3.667	26,17
	Students	330	2,36
Daily commuting to school	Other neighborhood in the same municipality	3.506	25,02
	Other municipality	397	2,83
	Other country	5	0,04
	Unknown	89	0,64

Table 31. Commuting to work – by sectors, 2002

	Municipality	Share in total number of people commuting (%)
Total daily commuting	10.014	100
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	325	3,25
Fishery	4	0,04
Mining industry	89	0,89
Processing industry	3.762	37,57
Energy (electric energy, gas, water)	348	3,48
Construction	777	7,76
Vehicle sale and repair	1.371	13,69
Hotels and restaurants	293	2,93
Transport, storage and communications	599	5,98
Financial operations	79	0,79

Real-estate and other business activities	225	2,25
Public administration, defense and social	429	4,28
Education	388	3,87
Health care and social protection	638	6,37
Utilities and other public services	279	2,79
Private households – employers		0,00
Exterritorial organizations and bodies	1	0,01
Unknown	407	4,06

4

Table 31.1. Demographic structure

	1981	1991	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Newly born	1.273	987	949	967	938	1.267	1.191
Deceased	636	773	987	1.034	1.051	668	658
Population growth rate	637	269	-38	-67	-113	599	533

The city of Loznica is one of the rare regions where the population number increased between the two censuses, 1991-2002. Taken into consideration relevant demographic indicators, it can be noted that both the total population number and number of people per specific areas make 1,1-1,2% in relation to relevant number at the level of Serbia.



5 Housing resources

5.1 Housing statistics

Table 32. Structure of housing units, 2007

		Municipality	Share in total number (%)
Number of housing units	Total	27.272	100
	Family houses	21.716	79,63
units	Apartments	5.511	20,37
Number of residents in housing units	Total	86.413	100
	Family houses	68.810	79,63
nousing units	Apartments	17.603	20,37

Table 33. Comparison of population according to different censuses

		1971	1981	1991	2002
Number of apartments in the municipality		20.058	23.352	25.716	27.272
Municipality	Number of apartments per 100 residents	25,65	27,77	29,63	31,56
Warnerpairty	Increase in number of apartments (%)	1	116	110,12	108,58
District	Number of apartments per 100 residents	24,27	28,94	31,43	33,37
	Increase in number of apartments (%)	1	124,29	109,07	108,42
Serbia	Number of apartments per 100 residents	26,6	30,04	32,70	35,0
Serbia	Increase in number of apartments (%)	1	122,83	109	107,35

Table 34. Number and size of apartments, other occupied space, collective apartments and other type of living, 2002

	Munici	pality		
	Total number/size	Average per apartment	District average	Serbian average
Number of apartments	27.272	/	/	/
Apartment size (m ²)	1.884.010	69,08	62,86	66,04
Number of residents in apartments				
Number of other occupied space		/	/	/
Other residential space size (m ²)				
Number of people in other occupied space				
Collective apartments	6	/	/	/
Area of the collective apartments	9001	1515,17	499,82	684,02
Number of people in the collective apartments	443			

Table 35. Structure of collective apartments, 2002.

	Municipality	District
Total number of collective apartments	6	16
Barracks for workers	1	2
Hostel for single persons		
Boarding schools for students and pupils		
Home for children and young people with learning		
problems		
Home for vulnerable children	1	1
Home for pensioners, old and vulnerable		2
Home for veterans		
Monastery beds	2	7
Other collective apartments	2	4

Table 36. Structure of apartments according to type and utility infrastructure, 2002.

		Municipalit	Share in total apartments of	Average	apartment	size (m²)
			the municipality (%)	Municipal ity	District	Serbia
Apartments – 7	Total	29.328	100	64,44	62,85	65,89
Apartments ow entities	ned by natural	28.937	98,67	18,15	63,01	66,31
	studio	416	1,42	34,75	17,64	18,16
	One-room apartment	5.973	20,37	57,32	34,01	33,77
Type of	Two-room apartment	12.743	43,45	76,36	55,80	56,01
apartment	Three-room apartment	6.201	21,14	102,80	73,49	73,69
	Four-room apartment	2.521	8,60	139,75	98,78	94,34
	Five room and over	1.472	5,02	67,66	138,49	135,95
	Water network	25.065	85,46	34,73	68,05	68,16
Connected to	Electric power network	29.049	99,05	70,91	63,11	66,24
Equipped	Bathroom	21.457	73,16	71,04	70,77	70,26
with	Toilet	20.431	69,66	64,42	70,84	70,10

Table 37. Structure of apartments according to age of construction, 2002

			Share in total apartments of	Average	apartment size (m²)	
		Municipality	the municipality (%)	Municipal ity	District	Serbia
Total apartmen	nts	29.328	100	64,24	62,85	66,04
	until 1918	286	0,01	47,10	62,82	60,12
	1919-1945	970	0,03	44,58	45,91	89,57
	1946-1960	4.312	0,15	48,63	47,04	55,49
	1961-1970	5.611	0,19	56,03	49,39	60,04
	1971-1975	3.110	0,11	64,81	54,97	68,13
Newly built	1976-1980	3.806	0,13	70,40	62,18	71,98
apartments	1981-1985	3.263	0,11	76,28	67,95	75,78
	1986-1990	3.504	0,12	76,23	75,02	75,50
	1991-1995	1.522	0,05	76,71	76,31	78,07
	1996-2000	1.584	0,05	73,71	78,42	76,09
	2001	165	0,01	80,72	74,37	70,40
	1st quarter of 2002	55	0,0019	76,51	72,69	73,63

Table 38. Structure of occupied apartments according to number of households and members, 2002

		Municipality	Share in total apartments of the municipality (%)	
Occupied apartments -Total		25.622	100	
	1 household	24.458	95,46	
	2 households	1.065	4,16	
	3 and more households	68	0,27	
Apartments with	1 person	4.122	16,09	
	2	5.464	21,33	
	3	4.457	17,40	
	4	6.025	23,51	
	5	2.794	10,90	
	6	1.879	7,33	
	7 and more	881	3,44	

Table 39. Apartments according to level of utility infrastructure, 2007

	Municipality (%)	District (%)	Serbia (%)
% of apartments connected to power distribution network	95	1	1
% of apartments connected to public water line network	95	1	1
% of apartments connected to public sewerage	36	1	1
% of apartments connected to gas network	0,01	1	1
% of apartments connected to distant heating network	12	1	1
% of apartments connected to telephone line	1	1	1

5.2 Housing construction

Table 40. New residential units by year of construction

		2001	2002	2005	2006	2007
Newly built	total	165	211	194	152	66
residential units	family houses	77				
(individual residence)	share of family houses in total (%)					
Newly built	total	88				
residential units	family houses					
(collective residence)	share of family houses in total (%)					
Average size of new residential units (m ²)		80,72	102,31	91,72	83,71	108,49

Table 41. Housing construction, 2006

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Number of apartments – Total	123	717	46.214
Finished apartments	66	382	19.049
Unfinished apartments	63	335	27.195
Average size of finished construction (m ²)	5.967	30.622	1.323.073
Number of unfinished construction per 1000 inhabitants	0,8	1,2	2,6

Table 42. Value of constructed housing units, 2006

	Municipality (€)*	Share in total value of all construction works (%)
Value of completed construction works - Total	23.078.061	100
Apartment construction - Total	22.542.545	97,68
Private apartment construction	1.677.387	7,27
Other type of ownership – apartment construction	20.865.158	90,41

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

5.3 Market prices

Table 43. Market prices of housing, 2008

Size of apartment	Location	Price (€/m²)*
Studio apartment	center	550-600
Studio apartment	suburb	550
One room apartment	center	500-600
one room apartment	suburb	450
Two room apartment	center	500-550
	suburb	450
Three room apartment	center	500
	suburb	450
Over three room	center	370
	suburb	370
Houses	center	600-650
	suburb	450-500

Table 44. Prices of new apartments, first half 2008

	Municipality	Beograd	Serbia (average)
Average size of apartment (m ²)	56	71	57
Price of apartment (€/m²)	576	1762	1308
Price of construction land (€/m²)	78	475	317
Price of construction (€/m²)	374	1028	788
Other costs (€/m²)	124	259	202





6 Economy

Economy structure

6.1 Economy structure by sectors

Table 45. Number of enterprises by sectors and size, 2008

Table 45. Number of enterprises by sectors and size, 2008 Share in total number of								r of
	Number of enterprises		enterprises (%)					
	Big	Medium	Small	Total	Big	Medium	Small	Total
TOTAL	4	26	729	758				100
Agriculture and hunting			25	25			3,429	3,294
Forestry			1	1			0,137	0,132
Water		1		1		3,846	0,000	0,132
Fishing			1	1		0,000	0,137	0,132
Mining						0,000	0,000	0,000
Food processing, drinks and tobacco		2	57	59		7,692	7,819	7,773
Textile and textile products			19	19		0,000	2,606	2,503
Leather processing and leather products			5	5		0,000	0,686	0,659
Wood processing and manufacture of wood products		1	28	29		3,846	3,841	3,821
Celluloses and paper production, publishing activities		1	24	25		3,846	3,292	3,294
Coal and crude oil products						0,000	0,000	0,000
Chemical products, synthetic fibers		2	7	9		7,692	0,960	1,186
Rubber and plastic products		1	15	16		3,846	2,058	2,108
Other non-metal mineral			9	9				
production						0,000	1,235	1,186
Metal and metal products	1	1	20	22	25	3,846	2,743	2,899
Machines and equipment			14	14		0,000	1,920	1,845
Electrical and optical devices			8	8		0,000	1,097	1,054
Vehicle production		1	1	2		3,846	0,137	0,264
Other processing industry			13	13		0,000	1,783	1,713
Processing industry - Total	1	10	247	258	25	38,462	33,882	33,992
Production and distribution of electric power, water and gas		3	2	5		11,538	0,274	0,659
Construction			73	73		0,000	10,014	9,618
Wholesale, retail, vehicle sale and repair	3	8	251	262	75	30,769	34,431	34,519
Hotels and restaurants		1	12	13		3,846	1,646	1,713
Transport, storage and communications		2	63	65		7,692	8,642	8,564
Financial activities								
Real estate operations, leasing, provision of services to legal entities		1	44	45		3,846	6,036	5,929
Public administration, defense and mandatory social insurance						0,000	0,000	0,000
Education			7	7		0,000	0,960	0,922
Health care and social protection			5	5		0,000	0,686	0,659
Other collective, public and						0,000	0,000	0,000
personal services		1	25	26		3,846	3,429	3,426
Exterritorial organizations and bodies								

Table 46. Number of employees by sectors and size of enterprise, 2008

Table 40. Number of employ	Number of employees in enterprises			n total num		ployees		
	D:			T ()	D:	in enterp	. ,	T
TOTAL	Big	Medium	Small	Total	Big	Medium	Small	Total
TOTAL	966	2.355	3.703	7.324				100
Agriculture and hunting			54	54			1,458	0,737
Forestry								
Water								
Fishing								
Mining								
Food processing, drinks and tobacco		577	371	948		24,501	10,019	12,944
Textile and textile products			334	334		0,000	9,020	4,560
Leather processing and leather products			18	18		0,000	0,486	0,246
Wood processing and manufacture of wood products			99	99		0,000	2,674	1,352
Celluloses and paper		400	4.40	000				
production, publishing activities		120	149	269		5,096	4,024	3,673
Coal and crude oil products						0,000	0,000	0,000
Chemical products, synthetic fibers		275	34	309		11,677	0,918	4,219
Rubber and plastic products		112	55	167		4,756	1,485	2,280
Other non-metal mineral production			34	34		0,000	0,918	0,464
Metal and metal products	306	87	158	551	31,677	3,694	4,267	7,523
Machines and equipment	000	O1	154	154	01,011	0,000	4,159	2,103
Electrical and optical devices			53	53		0,000	1,431	0,724
Vehicle production		54	55	54		2,293	0,000	0,727
Other processing industry		04	19	19		0,000	0,513	0,259
Processing industry - Total	306	1.225	1.532	3.063		52,017	41,372	41,821
Production and distribution of	300	1.220	1.002	3.003		32,017	71,072	71,021
electric power, water and gas		317	11	328		13,461	0,297	4,478
Construction			538	538		0,000	14,529	7,346
Wholesale, retail, vehicle sale and repair	660	270	861	1.791	68,323	11,465	23,251	24,454
Hotels and restaurants		62	71	133		2,633	1,917	1,816
Transport, storage and communications		258	311	869		10,955	8,399	11,865
Financial activities						0,000	0,000	0,000
Real estate operations, leasing, provision of services to legal entities			244	244		0,000	6,589	3,332
Public administration, defense and mandatory social						0,000	0,309	5,552
insurance						0,000	0,000	0,000
Education			32	32		0,000	0,864	0,437
Health care and social protection			26	26		0,000	0,702	0,355
Other utility, public and personal services		223	77	300		9,469	2,079	4,096
Exterritorial organizations and bodies								

Table 47. Structure of enterprises, institutions and other legal entities by sectors, 31.12.2007

	Municipality	Share in total number of enterprises (%)
TOTAL	1.423	100
Industry and mining	69	4,85
Agriculture and fishery	19	1,34
Forestry	1	0,07
Water power		0,00
Construction	22	1,55
Transport and communications	25	1,76
Commerce	131	9,21
Hotel industry and tourism	11	0,77
Craft and personal services	11	0,77
Housing and utilities	7	0,49
Financial and other services	49	3,44
Education and culture	185	13,00
Health care and social protection	14	0,98
Social/political groups and organizations	252	17,71

Table 48. Structure of shops by sectors, 2008

Tuble 40. Off dotale of Shop	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Share in total	Number of	Share in total
	Number of shops	number of shops (%)	employees in shops	number of employees in shops (%)
TOTAL	2.798	100	11.331	100
Agriculture and hunting	64	2,29	147	1,298
Forestry	-		0	
Water	-		0	
Fishing	-		0	
Mining	1	0,04	3	0,028
Food processing, drinks and tobacco	500	17,87	2435	21,491
Textile and textile products	-		0	
Leather processing and leather products	226	8,08	831	7,331
Wood processing and manufacture of wood products	1.089	38,92	4003	35,326
Celluloses and paper production, publishing activities	291	10,40	1872	16,519
Coal and crude oil products	288	10,29	926	8,175
Chemical products, synthetic		10,20	020	0,170
fibers	3	0,11	10	0,085
Rubber and plastic products	144	5,15	397	3,503
Other non-metal mineral production	2	0,07	6	0,057
Metal and metal products	39	1,39	215	1,898
Machines and equipment	151	5,40	486	4,286
Electrical and optical devices	2.798	100	11.331	100
Vehicle production	64	2,29	147	1,298
Other processing industry	-		0	
Processing industry - Total	-		0	
Production and distribution of	-		0	

electric power, water and gas				
Construction	1	0,04	3	0,028
Wholesale, retail, vehicle sale and repair	500	17,87	2435	21,491
Hotels and restaurants	-		0	
Transport, storage and communications	226	8,08	831	7,331
Financial activities	1.089	38,92	4003	35,326
Real estate operations, leasing, provision of services to legal entities	291	10,40	1872	16,519
Education	288	10,29	926	8,175
Health care and social protection	3	0,11	10	0,085
Other utility, public and personal services	144	5,15	397	3,503

Table 49. Structure of shops by type of organization, 12.04.2006

	Municipality	Share in total number of shops (%)
TOTAL	2.798	100
Shops by individual owners	2.785	99,54
Shops owned by partners	13	0,46
Shops registered by employed person or pensioner		

Table 50. Structure of working population by sectors, 2002

Table 50. Of detaile of working population by Sectors, 2002					
	Municipality	Share in total number of active population (%)			
Working population - Total	28.752	100			
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	6.328	22,01			
Fishery	5	0,02			
Mining industry	210	0,73			
Processing industry	6.947	24,16			
Energy (electric energy, gas, water)	729	2,54			
Construction	2.009	6,99			
Vehicle sale and repair	3.609	12,55			
Hotels and restaurants	762	2,65			
Transport, storage and communications	1.225	4,26			
Financial operations	235	0,82			
Real-estate and other business activities	607	2,11			
Public administration, defense and social	1.014	3,53			
Education	1.206	4,19			
Health care and social protection	1.652	5,75			
Utilities and other public services	716	2,49			
Private households - employers	1	0,00			
Exterritorial organizations and bodies	1	0,00			
Unknown	1.496	5,20			

6.2 Industry

The town of Loznica is nowadays a regional center with dynamic economic activities and growing business competition. Intensive development of small and middle-scale enterprises became evident within the town territory over the past decade.



Main industrial branches are:

- * Textile industry
- * Food-processing and confectionery industry
- * Wood processing
- * Metal processing
- * Construction industry
- * Hotels and restaurants management

Promoters of economic growth in the town of Loznica are :

- * Golden Lady Waly
- * STIM import
- * Nely
- * Radaljc company
- * DIV Chabros
- * Zajača Mines and smelting plan
- * MN company
- * Special Hospital Banja Koviljača
- * Numerous middle-scale and

small enterprises



I PRIVATIZED COMPANIES

- 1. Companies privatized under the former Law
- 1. Bakery KLAS
- 2. DAIRY STORE
- 3. MLADOST

2. Companies privatized through auction sale

Iter	n NAME OF THE					
no	. COMPANY	DATE OF SALE	BUYER	SOLD		INVESTMENT
		(privatization through auction)		Dinars	Euros	Dinars
		00.00.000	Dejan Mićić and D.	04.400.000	075 070	47.000.000
	1 Autoprevoz Loznica	08.06.2006. g	Markovic	24.106.000	275.970	17.383.000
	2 RTB Zajača	28.02.2006.	Miroslav Bogićević	51.000.000	582.750	86.001.000
			INTELTEK			
	3 Jadar	14.04.2005.		58.852.000	723.668	5.263.000
	4 Gučevo	28.10.2004.	Borivoj Milovanović	30.187.000	402.300	2.332.000
	5 FAK	26.02.2004.	Hemteh Internacional	5.629.000	80.483	0
	6 Elektroloznica	26.12.2003.	Gordana Kaitović	2.543.000	37.130	833.000
	7 Banja Badanja	21.01.2003.	Borivoje Skorić	14.600.000	235.336	178.000
	8 Agriculture bureau	24.05.2002.	MOBID	190.000	3.133	139.000
	9 Mladostturist	12.12.2006.	Ž.Isaković and	15.100.000		133.000

			Konzorcijum		
10	Energetika DOO	25.2.2007	" DEKOTRA" MILANO	8.000.000	0
11	LOFOLEN DOO	13.02.2007.	" ELMINO TRADING" ITD CYPAR	25.962.000	0
12	Loznicaelektro	16.02.2007.	Milisav Petrović	17.000.000	3.482.000
13	Hortikultura DOO	13.02.2007.	Fizičko lice Valjevo	8.813.000	0
14	DVP Loznica	27.9.2007	Mirko Latinović	330.000.000	7.193.000
	JP Radio I TV				
15.	Podrinje	21.12.2007	Dobrivoje Stojnić	53.000.000	3.408.000

3. Companies undergoing bankruptcy

Item no .	NAME OF THE COMPANY	-	Date of bankruptcy introduction
1	Novi Dom Banja Kovilja∼a	Privatized under former law	Presently undergoing bankruptcy
2	Autoremont	Privatized 26.03.2003.	Presently undergoing bankruptcy from 19.04.2006
3	DRINA	Privatized 23.09.2004.	Presently undergoing bankruptcy from 30.12.2005
4	Hladenjača	Privatized 20.12.2002.	Presently undergoing bankruptcy from 22.03.2005
5	Loznicaprevoz		13.06.2006.
6	Istražni radovi Zajača	From privatization process into bankruptcy	31.05.2006.
7	Planika		23.09.2005.
8	Budućnost promet		07.12.2004.
9	GIP Zidar	From privatization process into bankruptcy	13.05.2004.
10	ZZ Straža		22.04.2003.

4. Companies undergoing privatization

Item no.	NAME OF ENTERPRISE	DATE OF SCHEDULED SALE	BUYER
		(privatization through auction)	-
1	Tehnogvožđar		
2	Projektinvest		
3	Prvi maj Lešnica	Assessment made - in verification stage	
4	Moda Loznica		
5	HTP Banja Koviljača	Assessment made - in verification stage	
6	Standard Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
7	Lozofan Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
8	Transport Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
9	Celuloza Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
10	Centrofan Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
11	Kord AD	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
12	Lofolen Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
13	Svila Ad	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle
14	Hemiremont AD	13.02.2007.	to undergo the second sale circle

6.3 Agriculture

Table 51. Structure of agricultural population according to type of household, gender and activity, 2002

		Municipality	Share in total population of the municipality (%)	Share in agricultural population of the municipality (%)
Population - Total		86.413	100	1
	Total	8.732	10,10	100
Agricultural population	Male	4.531	5,24	53,74
	Female	4.201	4,86	49,82
Agricultural population –	Total	7.692	8,90	91,22
households	Male	4.003	4,63	47,47
Households	Female	3.689	4,27	43,75
Working agricultural population	Total	5.885	6,81	69,79
engaged in agriculture	Male	3.298	3,82	39,11
engaged in agriculture	Female	2.587	2,99	39,68
	Total	5.139	5,95	30,68
Individual farmers	Male	2.799	3,24	60,95
	Female	2.340	2,71	33,20
	Total	2.847	3,29	27,75
Supported agricultural population	Male	1.233	1,43	33,76
	Female	1.614	1,87	14,62

Table 52. Structure of agricultural households by size, 2002

		Municipality	Share in total number of households (%)	Share in total number of agricultural households (%)
Farms - Total		9.976	100	1
Non-farming ho	useholds	6.366	63,81	1
Mixed househol	ds	1.540	15,44	1
Households with	nout income	479	4,80	1
	Total	1.591	15,95	100
	Without land	7	0,07	0,44
	do 0,1 ha	4	0,04	0,25
Agricultural	0,1 – 1 ha	87	0,87	5,47
households	1 – 5 ha	106	1,06	6,66
	5 – 10 ha	280	2,81	17,60
	10 – 20 ha	275	2,76	17,28
	Over 20 ha	1.107	11,10	69,58

Table 53. Structure of total agricultural land in the municipality according to the use, 2006

		•
		Share in total agricultural area (%)
Area – Total		1
	34.871	100
Total	27.832	79,81
Wheat	16.319	46,80
dustrial plants	1.053	3,02
Vegetables	3.447	9,89
orage crops	6.143	17,62
	6.424	18,42
	27	0,08
Meadows		4,46
	3.030	8,69
hes	4	0,01
	Wheat dustrial plants	Total 27.832 Wheat 16.319 dustrial plants 1.053 Vegetables 3.447 Forage crops 6.143 6.424 27 1.554 3.030

Table 54. Structure of privately owned agricultural land according to the use, 2006

		Municipality (ha)	Share in total agricultural land owned by private households (%)
Area – Total		34.871	1
Agricultural land owned by private households - Total		34.871	100
	Total	27.832	79,81
Arable land and	Wheat	16.319	46,80
gardens	Industrial plants	1.053	3,02
gardens	Vegetables	3.447	9,89
	Forage crops	6.143	17,62
Orchards		6.424	18,42
Vineyards		27	0,08
Meadows		1.554	4,46
Pastures		3.030	8,69
Fishponds, swamps an	d marshes	4	0,01

Table 55. Production of crops, industrial plants, vegetables and forage crops, 2006

	Total crops in the municipality (t)	Share in total crops in Serbia (%)	Average crops in the municipality (kg/ha)	Average crops in the district (kg/ha)	Average crops in Serbia (kg/ha)
Wheat	9.153	0,46	3.538	2.846	4.312
Corn	51.714	0,73	4.431	4.556	6.665
Sugar beet	200	0,01	5.000	38.621	44.550
Sunflower	30	0,01	2.000	2.000	2.065
Beans	570	0,97	1.125	1.268	1.224
Potatoes	8.582	0,89	9.921	12.137	11.08
Legume	9.346	1,63	3.831	4.971	4.380
Alfalfa	12.791	1,10	6.044	7.357	5.808
Meadows (hay)	6.266	0,49	2.458	2.590	1.896
Pastures (hay)	3.336	0,70	936	912	592

Table 56. Fruit and grapes production, 2006

	Number of fruit-bearing trees/grape- vines in the municipality	Total yield in the municipality (t)	Share in total yield in Serbia (%)	Average yield in the municipality (kg/tree)	Average yield in the district (kg/tree)	Average yield in Serbia (kg/tree)
Apple	75.750	1.727	240.320	25	23,4	16,4
Plums	564.895	10.559	556.272	18.8	19.8	13,3
Grapes	211	198	359.454	0,9	1,1	1,1



Table 57. Livestock production, 01.12. 2006

		Municipality	Share in total livestock in the district (%)	Share u total livestock in Serbia /%)
Cattle	Total	12.329	1,12	13,68
Cows and in-calf heifers		8.473	1,19	16,88
Pigs	Total	57.154	1,78	14,87
riys	Sows and in-pig sows	7.473	1,09	13,13
Sheep	Total	14.784	0,92	9,71
Sneep	Breeding sheep	10.742	0,91	10,29
Poultry	Total	231.357	1,29	18,03

Table 58. Average livestock, 01.12. 2006

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Cattle number per 100 ha of arable land	40	45	26
Pig number per 100 ha of arable land	196	218	96
Sheep number per 100 ha of arable land	52	69	31

Table 59. Sale and purchase of agricultural products, 2006

	Municipality	Share in total turnover of the district (%)	Share in total turnover of Serbia (%)
Wheat (t)	460	5,418	0,0593
Corn (t)	362	30,017	0,0428
Beans (t)			
Potatoes (t)			
Apples (t)	167	53,355	0,4640
Plums (t)			
Grapes (t)			
Cattle (t)	25	6,127	0,0880
Pigs (t)	33	1,345	0,0431
Eggs (pcs)			
Milk (I)	8.193	14,766	1,2185

6.4 Forestry

Table 60. Forested land and average density, 2006

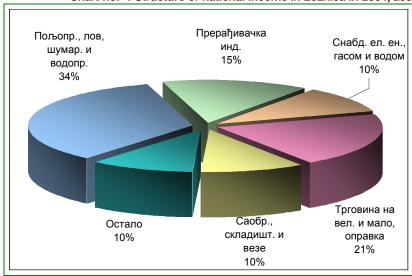
		Municipality	Share of Serbia (%)
Total area in the municipality (ha)		61.200	0,69
Forested area (ha)		16.722	0,8426
In forests (ha)	broadleaved		
III lorests (IIa)	conifers	3,95	0,6846
Outside forests (ha)	broadleaved		
Outside forests (fla)	conifers	1,35	0,1862
Average wooden mass – Total	broadleaved	36.424	0,5225
(m^3)	conifers	158	0,0727
Average wooden mass –	broadleaved	39	32
technical tree (%)	conifers	91	85

6.5 Total productio

Table no 1 Structure of national income in 2004, according to activities 1

Activity	Loznica	Serbia	Index (Srbija=100)
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and water supply	34,4%	17,3%	199
Fishing industry	0,0%	0,0%	3
Ore and stone exploration	1,5%	3,0%	50
Processing industry	14,5%	26,2%	55
Production and supply of electricity, gas and water	10,0%	4,8%	206
Construction industry	2,1%	7,0%	30
Whole and retail sale, repairs	20,6%	24,7%	83
Hotels and restaurants	2,9%	1,9%	157
Traffic, storage and links	10,3%	10,3%	100
Activities regarding real estate, renting	3,5%	4,3%	82
Health and social work	0,0%	0,2%	12
Other utilities, social and personal services	0,0%	0,2%	19
Primary sector	36%	20%	177
Secondary sector	27%	38%	70
Service sector	37%	42%	90

Chart no. 1 Structure of national income in Loznica in 2004, according to activities



6.6 Companies according to number of employees

Table 61. Size of enterprises by number of employees in 2007

Number of enterprises	Municipality	Share in total enterprises of the municipality (%)
0 (self-employers)		
1-10 employees		
11-50 employees	34	4,5
51-100 employees	706	8
101-250 employees	8	1,06
251-500 employees	5	0,66
501-1000 employees	3	0,4
TOTAL	756	100

THE CITY OF LOZNICA

6.6.1 Number of employees in enterprises per size of the enterprise, 2008.

	Number of	Employees in	Enterprises		Participation	In overall	number of employees	In enterprises
	Large- scale	Middle - scale	Small-scale	total	Large- scale	Middle - scale	Small- scale	total
Zaposleni	966	2.176	4.187	7.329	13,18 %	29,69%	57,13%	100

6.7 Macroeconomic indicators Table 62. GDP by sectors, 2005.

	Municipality (€)*	GDP structure in the municipality (%)	District (€)	GDP structure of the District (%)	Serbia (€)	GDP structure of Serbia (%)
Total	60.502.456	100	398.679.742	100	10.745.414.877	100
GDP per capita	709,96	1	1.235,44	1	1.444,13	1
Share in total GDP in Serbia (%)	0,56	1	3,71	1	100	1
Level of GDP per capita compared to average in Serbia (%)	49,16	1	85,55	1	100	1
Agriculture, hunting, forestry, water management	21.923.427	36,24	123.213.942	30,91	1.825.110.281	16,99
Fishery		0.00	237.380	0,06	4.572.374	0,04
Mining	1	0,00	5.138.012	1,29	532.031.988	4,95
Processing industry	5.597.181	9,25	147.082.456	36,89	2.916.976.058	27,15
Energy production, gas and water Construction	2.060.561 3.607.485	3,41 5,96	6.560.398 11.765.708	1,65 2,95	207.143.731 787.407.637	1,93 7,33
Wholesale, retail,	3.607.465	5,90	11.705.706	2,95	767.407.037	7,33
and repair	13.653.813	22,57	66.913.556	16,78	264.551.977	2,46
Hotels and restaurants	1.195.743	1,98	3.959.825	0,99	194.186.188	1,81
Transport, storage and connections	5.543.439	9,16	22.973.240	5,76	111.948.573	1,04
Real estate operations, leasing	5.733.380	9,48	9.693.333	2,43	455.164.620	4,24
Health care and social protection	158.491	0,26	1.092.702	0,27	25.351.544	0,24
Other collective, public and personal services	14.058	0,02	49.193	0,01	23.959.064	0,22

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

Table 63. GDP according to ownership structure, 2005

		Municipality (€)*	GDP structure of the municipality (%)	GDP structure of the district (%)	GDP structure of Serbia (%)
Total		60.502.456	100	100	100
	Total	51.538.082	85,18	12,93	0,006
Privately	Enterprises	36.416.971	60,19	6,20	0,004
owned	Households and shops	26.817.018	44,32	6,73	0,003
Socially or	wned	3.095.614	5,12	0,78	0,000
Owned by	cooperatives	377.170	0,62	0,09	0,000
Mixed ownership		83.298	0,14	0,02	0,000
Owned by	state	5.408.292	8,94	1,36	0,001

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

Table 64. GDP of enterprises, 2005

	Municipality (€)*	District (€)	Serbia (€)
GDP of enterprises - total	41.647.813	278.310.468	9.826.079.287
GDP of enterprises - per resident	834	844	1.685

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

Table 65. Basic information about enterprises, 2005

	Municipality – Total for all enterprises in the municipality	Share in the District (%)	Share in Serbia (%)
Depreciation (€)*	7.962.374	24,68	0,51
Gross income (€)	33.685.439	13,69	0,41
Material expenses (€)	57.706.515	20,89	0,41
Gross product (€)	41.647.813	14,96	0,42
Number of employees	8.982	0,33	0,01

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

6.8 Export structure

Table 66. Export structure by type of products and services

	2005 (€)*	2006 (€)**	2007 (€)***
Livestock and livestock products	-	-	-
Crop products	68.509	150.156	55.987
Animal or vegetable fat and oil	-	-	-
Ready-to-eat products	6.383.467	3.758.699	9.581.836
Mineral products	-	-	-
Products of chemical and related industries	66.303	152.959	74.238
Polymeric materials, plastics, and rubber	3.123.847	1.188.494	4.179.934
Raw leather and fur and products of these	399.750	2.292.942	2.027.343
Timber and wood	2.136.826	2.764.767	3.996.667
Pulp of wood of other fibrous cellulose materials	-	-	-
Textiles and textile products	3.589.080	3.400.427	3.869.096
Footwear, headwear, umbrellas	18.455	6.108	1.050
Products of stone, gypsum, cement, ceramics, and glass	852.600	719.169	145.902
Non-precious metals and products of these	542.503	302.182	719.556
Mechanical equipment; machines and mechanisms, electric equipment and parts of these; audio/video	284.851	176.264	691.842

recording/playback devices			
Vehicles and road equipment	478.263	499.422	615.244
Optical, photographic, and cinematographic devices			
and appliances; medical/surgical devices;	26.544	7.265	3.660
clocks/watches; musical instruments			
Miscellaneous manufactured goods	47.138	5.733	-
Works of art	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1.916.210	269.662	449.303
Total	21.070.401	17.472.024	27.512.453

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

6.9 Export structure by destination

Table 67. Export structure by destination

	2005 (USD)*	2006 (USD)**	2007 (USD)***
CEE states	35.953	11.219	-
EU	13.704.880	8.012.951	18.628.863
US and Canada	-	23.503	-
Countries of Former Yugoslavia	6.761.733	9.002.178	8.178.396
Other	567.835	422.173	705.194
Total	21.070.401	17.472.024	27.512.453

Note: Central and East Europe countries include Albania, Romania and Bulgaria, former Yugoslav republic include Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Macedonia and Montenegro. European Union includes the countries that entered EU in 2004 and covers 25 member states

City economy

6.10 City budget revenues

Table 68. City budget revenues, 2006

	Municipality (€)*	Municipal revenue structure (%)	Revenue structure (average) in Serbia (%)
Total revenues	8.435.503	100	100
Total revenues per capita	99,56	1	221,27
Operating revenues	8.433.460	99,98	95,49
Revenue obtained from sale of non-financial assets	-	-	0,04
Revenue from loans and sale of financial assets	2.043	0,02	4,47

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

6.11 City budget expenditures

Table 69. City budget expenditures, 2006

	Municipality (€)*	Structure of municipal expenditures (%)	Structure of expenditures (average) in Serbia (%)
TOTAL expenditures	8.486.257	100	100
Total expenditures per capita	107,73	1	211,13
Operating expenditures	7.520.002	88,61	76,67
Expenditures for purchasing of non-financial assets	782.147	9,22	21,89
Expenditures for repayment of loans and provision of non-financial assets	184.107	2,17	1,44
Budget surplus and shortfall	-50.754		4,8

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

^{**} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

^{***} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2007

Institutions

6.12 Public utility enterprises

Table 70. List of public utility enterprises

Br.	Enterprise name	Activity
1	KJP Naš dom	Utility services
2	JKP Toplana	Heat energy distribution
3		

6.13 Public enterprises

Table 71. List of public enterprises

Br.	Enterprise name	Activity
1	JP Grad	Development and usage of city land
2	JP Urboplan	Urban planning designing
3	JP Vodovod i kanalizacija	Distribution of water and drainage of waste waters
4	JP Direkcija Banja Koviljača	Development and usage of the city land in Banja Koviljaca
5		

6.14 Financial institutions

Table 72. List of banks

Br.	Name of bank	No. of branch offices in the city
1	Banca Intesa AD Beograd	1
2	Komercijalna bank AD Beograd	1
3	Meridian bank AD Novi Sad	1
4	Procredit bank Beograd	1
5	LHB Bank AD Beograd	1
6	Alpha bank Srbija AD Beograd	1
7	Eurobank EFG AD Beograd	1
8	Hypo alpe-adria bank AD Beograd	1
9	OTP bank AD Novi Sad	1
10	Agrobanka AD Beograd	1
11	Raiffeisen bank AD Beograd	1
12	Societe generale bank AD Beograd	1
13	Unicredit bank AD Beograd	1

Table 73. List of insurance companies

Br.	Name of insurance company	No. of branch offices in the city
1	Broker kop DOO Loznica	1
2	Dunav Osiguranje	1
3	Uniqa	1
4	Delta generali	1
5	Broker kop DOO Loznica	1

Investments

6.15 Realized investments in private sector

Table 74. Realized investments in last 5 years, 2008

No.	Company name	Country of origin	Type of investment	Investment value (€)	No. of new jobs	Investment year
1	Golden Lady - Waly	Italija	grinfild	60.000.000	1.000	2006-2008
2	DIVChabros	Italija	braunfild	2.000.000	100	2008
3						
4						
	TOTAL	1	1	62.000.000	1.100	1

6.16 Planned investments in private sector

Table 75. Planned investments in the next 2 years, 2008

No.	Company name	Country of origin	Type of investment	Investment value (€)	No. of new jobs	Investment year
1	Radaljc Comšany	Serbia	grinfild	410.000	32	2010
2	Ingrad DOO	Serbia	grinfild	620.000	31	2010
	TOTAL	1	1	1.030.00	63	1

6.17 Investment structure

Table 76. FDI structure by country of origin

Country name	2005 (€)**	2006 (€)*	2007 (€)***
Italija		10.000.000	20.000.000
TOTAL		10.000.000	20.000.000

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

Table 77. Realized investments by type of construction and technical structure, 2006

		Municipality (€)*	Share in total investments of the municipality (%)
Total investme	ents	22.070.459	100
	New facilities	2.978.618,	13,50
Character of investment	Reconstruction, expansion and adaptation	2.758.974	12,50
	Maintenance	15.145.076	68,62
Technical structures	Construction works	7.920.703	35,89
	Provision and installment of equipment - local	13.644.470	61,82
	Provision and installment of equipment - imported	432.937	1,96
	Other	72.348	0,33
	1 NDO : 0000		- ,

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

^{**} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

^{***} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2007

Tabela 77.1 Structure of realized investments in municipality for the period 2006-2009.

Investments in municipality for the period 2006

mirodinionio in maniapanty for the ponda 2000					
Investment	TOTAL CITY				
	Investment-dinars	Investment-EUR			
BUDGET OF MUNICIPALITY AND NIP	138.626.800	1.414.559			
DONATIONS	16.103.458	164.321			
PRIVATE SECTOR	59.103.458	603.096			
BUDGET OF MUNICIPALITY AND NIP	1.158.540.000	11.821.836			
TOTAL CITY	1.372.373.716	14.003.812			

Investments in municipality for the period 2007

Investment	TOTAL CITY		
	Investment-EUR	Investment-EUR	
BUDGET OF MUNICIPALITY	75.115.000	766.479	
NIP	858.868.200	8.763.961	
DONATIONS	14.428.100	147.225	
PRIVATE SECTOR	2.001.092.000	20.419.306	
TOTAL CITY	2.949.503.300	30.096.972	

Investments in municipality for the period 2008

Investment	UKUPNO GRAD		
	Ulaganja-dinara	Ulaganja-EUR	
BUDGET OF MUNICIPALITY	205.800.070	2.100.001	
NIP	333.359.000	3.401.622	
DONATIONS (MEGA , MSA Czech Repablic)	21.770.670	222.150	
Ministry	40.000.000	408.163	
State enterprises	50.000.000	510.204	
PRIVATE SECTOR	2.525.993.300	25.775.442	
TOTAL CITY	3.176.923.040	32.417.582	

Investments in municipality for the period 2009

Investment	TOTAL CITY		
	Investment-EUR	Investment-EUR	
BUDGET OF MUNICIPALITY	224.706.400	2.292.922	
NIP	178.702.790	1.823.498	
DONATIONS (MEGA , MSA Czech Repablic Switzerland)	7.020.000	71.633	
KFW bank program	869.376.000	8.871.184	
Ministry, Roadsi Srbia, Serbian Direktorate for water	156.100.000	1.592.857	
PRIVATE SECTOR	220.900.000	2.254.082	
TOTAL CITY	1.656.805.190	17.314.339	

Total investments in municipality for the period 2006-2009.

Investment	TOTAL CITY		Number of
	Investment- EUR	Investment- EUR	employees
BUDGET OF MUNICIPALITY	644.248.270	6.573.962	
NIP	1.387.033.448	14.153.403	104
DONATIONS (MEGA , MSA Czech Repablic Switzerland)	102.322.228	1.044.104	29
KFW bank program	869.376.000	8.871.184	
Ministry, Roadsi Srbia, Serbian Direktorate for water	196.100.000	2.001.020	
PRIVATE SECTOR	5.906.525.300	60.270.666	1940
State enterprises	50.000.000	510.204	
TOTAL CITY	9.155.605.246	93.424.543	2073

6.18 Industrial zones and industrial parks

Table 78. List of industrial zones and industrial parks

No.	Site name	Size	(m ²)	Ownership (%)		•	
		total	available	private	state		(€/m²)
1	Industrial zone Šepak - Loznica	826.600	319.000		100	Main traffic line, -Water supply - Sewage - Electricity -Gas -Telephone - Internet	7,22

Table 79. List of companies in industrial zones and industrial parks, 2008

No	Company name	Activity	IZ/IP	Number of employees	Investment value (€)
1	Golden Lady - Waly	Tekstilna industrija	IZ Šepak	1.000	60.000.000
2	Grafika Tim	grafiht aktivity	IZ Šepak	50	

6.18.1 Sites of industrial zones/parks

The area of "Industrial zone ŠEPAK"amounts to cca 85, 00.00 hectares, situated in the western part of the Loznica town. The location is established by the Special Plan of the Loznica municipality and Loznica General Plan, which were brought by the end of 2005.

The said area is located directly next to interstate border crossing ŠEPAK, between the Republic of Serbia and Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina and following city traffic lines of high rank: Bypass road (Highway road M19) and city traffic line of I rank (Highway corridor M4).



6.18.2 Topographic characteristics of the location

The terrain in industrial zone is mainly plain with slope of up to 5%. Terrain instabilities are not present. The level of underground waters is at depth of around 2-2,5 m (average cote about 119m). The underground water has mild slope toward the river Drina and during the whole Drina flow.



6.18.2 Access roads

The basis of the traffic system of industrial zone is made by the existing street of Republika Srpska, which is corridor of the Highway M-4 from the south side of the relevant area and Highway M -19 from the eastern side; the said lines are tangent lines of the relevant area. City traffic line of the I rank is foreseen at the western side (St. Nova 7) which directly connects the relevant area with St. Republike Srpske, city traffic line of the II rank is foreseen on the north side (St. Nova 6) which directly links the traffic lines in the relevant area with M-19. These traffic lines make primary network in the region, covered by the General Plan. Secondary traffic network is built next to these traffic lines, which is primarily used for the traffic in industrial zone.

6.18.4 **Zoning**

The area of industrial zone is divided under urban planning scheme into five zones and the high number of blocks within individual zones. The blocks make specific units with defined construction rules, in line with the basic intention.



Zone 1 occupies area of 8 77 99 hectares. Following purposes are possible at these locations: commercial facilities and services while crafts productions make additional possibility.

Zone 2 occupies the area of 14 84 22 hectares and is located in the interior part of the industrial zone. The main street passes through this zone, in north-south direction, while protective green belt occupies east-west direction. Following purposes are planned: minor processing facilities, production craftsman.

The Zone 3 occupying the area of 32 16 22 hectares is situated on the northwest part of the industrial zone, to be used for : industry, warehouses and production plants from the field of metal processing, wood and paper products, graphic industry, textile industry, food processing industry, production of footwear and leather goods, warehouse.

The Zone 4 occupies the area of 6 29 93 hectares and is to be used for minor processing plants and production craftsmen services.

The Zone 5 occupies the area of 5 11 87 hectares and is situated in the south part of the whole area. A plot with substation is available within this area. It is to be used for minor processing and production plants.

6.18.5 Soil composition

Geologic-engineering researches have been conducted within the industrial zone and it has been established that the soil is made from the river Drina deposits. Following soil composition was established by conducted researches:

- anthropogenic (filled in) material,
- -sandy dust, powdery sand and pebbles.

6.18.6 Available utility infrastructure

The land in industrial zone is equipped with following infrastructure:

- Hydro-technical infrastructure (water supply, fecal sewage, rainwater drainage),
- electro-energetic network (low voltage network, middle voltage network 10 kv, 35kv, high voltage network 100kv and transformer station 10/0,4 kv, transformer station 110/35kv)
 - -Gas pipeline (connective gas pipeline 50 bar, distribution gas pipe network 4 bar
 - TT and KDS network

6.18.7 Capacity development costs and operation costs of industrial zones/parks

In accordance with plan designs defined by this Plan, the assessment of the required means for development of the city construction land covers the following cost structure.

- Land preparation costs
- Construction costs
- Land equipment costs

Land preparation costs

SUMMARY

	Total:	392.493.649.50 din.
•	Land equipment costs	233.352.900.00 din.
•	Traffic lines construction costs	154.662.149,50 din.

14.478.600,00 din.

6.19 Other investment locations

Table 80. Other available locations for investments

No.	Name of location	Ownership	Area (m ²)	Purpose of the area	Other information
1	Business -residential zone Lagator	State owned	170.000	Business residential construction (for construction of market, kindergarten, school)	There is detailed urban planning scheme, partially infrastructure equipped – water, electricity, gas, access traffic lines)
2	Land in Banja Koviljaca for construction of tourist facilities	State owned	8.343	For construction of hotels and other tourist facilities	The land is equipped with infrastructure) water, sewage, electricity network, access traffic lines, telephones)
3	Location near the vegetable market	State owned	7.844	For construction of business facility (market, shopping moll)	The land is situated in the Loznica center and is equipped with infrastructure (water, sewage, electricity network, access traffic lines, telephone)

6.20. Grants for development/bringing to purpose/improvement of sites **INDUSTRIAL ZONE "SEPAK"**

Location -Border crossing with Bosnia and Herzegovina;

-1500m far away from the town centre;

-Between two main roads M-4 and M19;

Ownership

Republic of Serbia

Area

-The overall zone area amounts to 82,66 hectares;

-30 hectares are fully infrastructure equipped including traffic, water supply, sewage infrastructure, electricity network, gas,

telephone and internet;

-Industrial zone is established in town documents : General Urban Planning Scheme, Spatial Plan, Detailed Regulation Plan

Zone Division - Zone division is already made; the plots ranging from

00,15,20 ha(ha,a,m2) to 3,37,66 ha(ha,a,m2) already available.

- Re-zoning is possible, at investor's request.

- The initial bid price is 7,2-7,4E/m2; 1E=100 dinars Price

> - The price incentives are granted at the state level, in accordance with Decree of the Government of the Republic of

Serbia on disposal of the city construction land, below the market price.

Compensations

- Compensation for the development of the construction land: 7.2E/m2: 1E=100 dinars:
- Compensation for the usage of the city construction land :
 Monthly fee

Incentives are granted for the price of compensations for development of the city construction land :

-0,3% discount on price for every newly created job but never less than 60% of the total price .

Possibility of deferred payment , no more than 36 monthly installments

-Discount for cash payment 20%.

Note: The value of compensations is matched with retail market prices trends, at the monthly level.

BUSINESS RESIDENTAL ZONE LAGATOR

Location Ownership Area

- 500m from the Loznica town center

Republic of Serbia

-The overall zone area amounts to 20 hectares;

- Total 16 hectares are available

-Following facilities are built on 4 hectares :church, parish house, kindergarten, shopping moll, town swimming pool, park facilities and one residential building;

-The business residential zone is established in city documents: General Urban Planning Scheme, Spatial Plan, Detailed Regulation Plan;

Zone division

- Zone division is already made; plots ranging from 00,04,20 ha (ha,a,m2) o 3,20,47ha (ha,a,m2) are already available.

- Re-zoning is possible at the investor's request.

Price

-Initial bid price is from 1720 dinars/m2-17,2E/m2 to 3010,00

dinars/m2-30 E/m2;1E=100 dinars;

- The price incentives are granted at the state level, in accordance with Decree of the Government of the Republic of Serbia on disposal of the city construction land, below the market price.

Compensations

- Compensation for development of the construction land is from 789dinars/m2 or 7,9E/m2 to 2223,00 dinars/m2 or 22,2E/m2,what depends of project type ;1E=100dinars;

- Compensation for the usage of the city construction land : Monthly fee.

Incentives are granted on the compensation price for development of the city construction land :

-0.3% discount on price for every newly created job but never less then 60% of the total price .

-Possibility of deferred payment, no more than 36 monthly installments.

-Discount for cash payment 20%.

Note: The value of compensations is matched with retail market prices trends, at the monthly level.

Greenfield locality is available in the Banja Koviljaca center for hotel building.

Location Banja Koviljaca center, 6 km away from the Loznica town

center

Ownership Republic of Serbia Plot 550/9 and 163/1 Area 83 acres 43 m2

Price -Initial bid price 31.286.250 dinars or 312.862 E;1E=100

dinars.

- The price incentives are granted at the state level, in accordance with Decree of the Government of the Republic of Serbia on disposal of the city construction land, below

the market price.

Compensations

- Compensation for development of the construction land :3.661,00dinars/m2 or 36 E/m2; 1E=100;

- Compensation for the usage of the city construction land : Monthly fee:

Incentives are granted on the price of compensation for the development of the city construction land :

-0, 3% discount on price for every newly created job but never less than 60% from the total price.

-Possibility of deferred payment, no more than 36 monthly installments.

-Discount for cash payment 20%.

Note: The value of compensation is matched with retail

market trends at the monthly level.

Detailed regulation plan following towards

preservation of the -The occupation rate is max 40 %.

authentic architecture Banja Koviljaca

-Following storey structure is allowed: P+2+Pk (ground **established** floor, two floors, and attic) for construction of the tourist criteria accommodation facility up to 250 beds.

for construction of - During determination of the cote of ground floor in relation hotels with the aim to level of traffic line, free access for handicapped persons should be planned.

- Construction index is max 1, 0.

of -Parking and garage storing of the vehicles should be provided on own plot outside the area of the public road so that at least one parking or storing place per 3 persons should be secured. In the ground floor area on the north side of the facility there should be free access to building

with minimal number of official parking places.

- Regarding architectural form, the facility should fit harmoniously into the spa park ambient and should blend with the architecture of the old spa buildings.

-During procedure of obtaining construction licenses it is necessary to obtain conditions from the Bureau for Protection of Cultural Monuments as well as consent of the main town architect for the preliminary design.

-Mandatory review of the plan design through public architecture-urban planning competition is hereby established.

6.20.1 Financial support Taxes – local, regional and national

State grants are offered for Greenfield and Brownfield projects in all industries, except for trade, tourism, hospitality and agriculture. Eligible companies are those involved in

manufacturing activities, internationally marketable services sector, and research and development.

Investment in manufacturing activities:

- Available funds: from €2,000 up to €5,000 per every new employee;
- The minimum investment amount: between €1 million and €3 million, depending on the unemployment rate in the municipality where the investment is made;
- The minimum number of new jobs created: 50.

Investment in the internationally marketable services sector:

- Available funds: from €2,000 up to €10,000 per every new employee;
- The minimum investment amount: €500,000;
- The minimum number of new jobs created: 10.

Investment in R&D:

- Available funds: from €5,000 up to €10,000 per every new employee;
- The minimum investment amount: €250,000;
- The minimum number of new jobs created: 10.

Non-refundable funds are awarded to prospective investors in accordance with the number of points earned. Investment projects are scored and evaluated based on the following criteria:

- 1. investor's references,
- 2. participation of domestic suppliers in the final product and the investment effect on local companies,
- 3. investment's sustainability and viability,
- 4. the effect related to R&D,
- 5. the effect on human resources,
- 6. the environmental impact,
- 7. international turnover of services for investment in this area.
- 8. the effect on development of the local community, and
- 9. municipality support related to deduction of local fees.

Applications are to be submitted to SIEPA. Upon evaluation and scoring of investment projects, the funds for selected projects are awarded in accordance with the number of points, and paid out in four increments throughout the project's lifetime:

1 Corporate Income Tax - This tax is defined by the Law on Corporate Income Tax

The enterprises are obliged to pay corporate income tax. Tax rate is proportional and uniform and amounts to 10%.

- 2. Value added tax is general tax on consumption charged and paid for delivery of products and provision of services, in all stages of productions and sales of goods and service, as well as for the import of products
- General rate is 18%
- Special rate is 8%

The special VAT rate is applied for : sale of goods and services or import of products as follows : bread and other bakery products , potable water except bottled water, fresh and frozen fruit, grains, soybean, sugar beet and oil beet, medicines including veterinary

medicines, orthopedic and prosthetic devices, dialysis materials, fertilizers, plan protection means, teaching aids, textbooks, daily papers, fire woods, accommodation services in hotels, resort places, camps, utility services and services charged through tickets for cinemas, theater performance, fairs, concerts, circus events.

1. Tax on earnings rate amounts to 12% -

Under the law, the employers are relieved from the obligation of paying earnings tax and for mandatory social insurance :

- For the duration of three years if they employ an intern or handicapped person
- For the duration of two years if they employ unemployed persons under 30 years of age
- 3. Social contributions
 - contribution for PIO 22 %
 - health contribution 12,3 %
 - unemployment contribution 1,5%

I Republic subsidies:

1. SUBSIDIES FOR OPENING OF OVER 50 NEW JOBS - SIEPA

Companies planning to invest in Serbia, in the field of production, between EURO 1-3 millions

- Opening of at least 50 work posts
- Grants per newly opened job range from EURO 2.000 5.000 in dinar counter value

Enterprises planning to invest in the field of exported services or in the field of research and development, with minimal amount of EURO 250 000 i.e. EURO 500 000, whose investment requires opening of at least 10 new jobs, are entitled to apply for grants. The amount of funds per newly opened job ranges from EURO 2,000 to 10,000, in dinar counter value.

2. Subsidies for opening up to 50 new jobs –National Employment Agency

- Grants for opening and equipment of new work posts

This subvention is applicable for employment of up to 50 persons from the unemployed persons lists and is granted by

National Employment Agency in one-off amount of

- 160.000 dinars per person, from the unemployed persons list, in the most undeveloped municipalities
- 130.000 dinars per person, from the unemployed persons list, in undeveloped municipalities
 - 80.000 dinars per person from the unemployed persons list in other municipalities
 - -For persons over 50 years of age, handicapped persons and Roma, additional 40.000 dinars are granted.

3. <u>INCENTIVES TO EMPLOYERS UNDER LAW ON CONTRIBUTIONS FOR MANDATORY</u> SOCIAL INSURANCE AND THE LAW ON EARNINGS TAX

The incentives are granted for employment of following categories

- Unemployed persons over 50 years of age, who are beneficiaries of financial allowance, or registered by the National Employment Agency for at least 6 continuous months, for period of 2 years from the date of employment beginning
- Unemployed persons over 45 years of age, who are beneficiaries of financial allowance, registered by the National Employment Agency for at least 6 continuous months, for the period of 2 years from the date of employment beginning
- Unemployed persons under 30 years of age, registered by the National Employment Agency, enjoying status of intern under the Labor Law, for the period of years from the date of employment beginning

6.21 Permitting process

Information leaflet on construction license issuance
Loznica city administration
Following steps should be taken for obtaining construction license:

Document	Procedure	Contact person
Information on location	Following document should be filed with	
Deadline : 8 days	Citizen Assistance Center - information desk	
	no .8. :	-Department of
	1.Copy of plot plan	Urban Planning
	Source: Real estate cadastre department	and Construction
	2.Evidence on payment effected :	
	Drawing account no.840-742221843-57	Slavica Sanader
	RS budget, Vocation at number ;97 18-059;	015 873 066
	Ammmount:200,00 dinars;	
	3. City administration income	
	Drawing account no. 840-742341843-24	
	Vocation at number :97 18-59	
	Amount: 310,00dinars for physical person;	
Location license	Amount 1100,0 dinars for legal person;	Department of
Location license	Following documents should be filed with Citizen Assistance Center - information	-Department of
Deadline: 15 days	Citizen Assistance Center - information desk no 8.:	Urban Planning and Construction
	1 Copy of the plot plan, not older than 6	
	months; 2. Evidence on ownership	,
	3. Excerpt from the cadastre of underground	Slavica Sanader
	installations ;	015 873 066
	4. Situation plan ;	010 010 000
	5. Evidence on payment of administrative	
	fees:	
	Drawing account no. 840-742221843-57,	
	RS budget,	
	Vocation at number no.97 18-059,	
	Amount 520,00 din,	
	6. City administration income,	
	Drawing account no. 840-742341843-24,	
	Vocation at number :97 18-059,	
	Example:	
	Amount for facilities up to 400m2 -1310, 00	
	dinars physical person – housing facility	
	business physical person –business facility	
	1.710,00 din. Legal person – business	

Construction license Deadline:15 days	facility 4.710,00 din. Legal person –housing facility 4.310,00 din. 7. Having received information, a client enters contract with Public Enterprise "Urboplan" on elaboration of location study and obtaining conditions from the Public Enterprise and other Institutions, within the maximum deadline of 30 days; upon its completion, the study is officially delivered to the Department of Urban Planning and Construction. Afterwards, the Department of Urban Planning and Construction issues location licence. A request is submitted at information desk number 8, at Citizen Assistance Center, enclosed with following documents: 1.Location license in 3 copies, 2. Main design in 3 copies, 3. Evidence on ownership, right of lease over the construction land. 5. Evidence on effected payment: Drawing account no. 840-742221843-57, RS budget, Vocation at number 97 18-059, Amount 520,00 din 6. City administration income: Drawing account no. 840-742341843-24, Vocation at number. 97 18-059, Example: Facilities up to 400m2, Physical person – housing facility, amount 1.210,00 din. Physical person – business facility 1.410,00dinars; legal persons – housing facility 2.210,00din; legal person – business facility 2.410,00 din; 4. Upon verification of the technical documentation, confirming that it is made in accordance with location license and other prescribed conditions for relevant facility; the applicant is instructed to provide evidence on paid compensation for the development	-Department of Urban Planning and Construction Milica Pavlović, tel.015/873-066
	on paid compensation for the development of the construction land with competent public enterprise. Afterwards the Department issues construction license within 15 days.	
Report on beginning of construction works Only report is submitted The Department does not	Following documents should be filed at the information desk number 8 with Citizen Assistance Center -: 1.Report on beginning of construction works	Department of Urban Planning and Construction ,

issue any kind of certificate The report is verified by admission stamp at information desk number 8, at the client's request.	at prescribed form 1. Construction license with clause on validity. 2. No payment is made.	Milica Pavlović tel.015/873-066
Report on foundation Deadline :3 days	Following document should be filed with information desk number 8, Citizen Assistance Center: 1. Statement by the contractor on completion of foundation works for the relevant facility, 2. Geodetic photograph (scheme of foundation control in proportion matching ratio of the Situation plan and Main design. 3. Main design with construction license 4. Evidence on effected payment: Drawing account no: 840-742221843-57, RS budget, Vocation at number no, 97 18-059, Amount: 5. City administration income: Drawing account no. 840-742341843-24, Vocation at number no. 97 18-059, Physical person, amount 710,00din; Legal person, amount 2.110,00din; Written confirmation is issued within 3 days from the date of reception of the full documentation.	Department of Urban planning and Construction , Slavica Sanader, tel, 015/873-066
Technical inspection of facility and issuance of usage permit, Within 7 days from the date of reception of positive findings by the commission for technical inspection	Following document should be filed at the information desk number 8, Citizen Assistance Center: 1. Copy of construction license, 2. Evidence on effected payment: Drawing account no. 840-742221843-57, RS budget, Vocation at number no. 97 18-059, amount 520,00 din, 3.City administration income: Drawing account no. 840-742341843-24, Vocation at number no. 97 18-059 amount 10 din/m2, of usable area, 4. Commission for technical inspection set up by the Department by its Decision (Investor may suggest the commission composition) carries out technical inspection and provides report on technical reception to the Department. The Investor covers the costs of Commission's work. The Department issues usage permit within 7 days from the date of reception of positive findings.	Department of Urban planning and construction Ljubinka Jovanović, 015/873-066.

Citizen Assistance Center –information desk no 8 –Your first step in construction license procedure

Information desk number 8 is an outpost of the Department of Urban Planning and Construction, within the City Citizen Assistance Center, offering following services:

- -All requests and procedures in writing
- -All items of information, at every moment, on the status of your case in Department of Urban Planning and Construction.
- -Advice by the information desk officer

Contact: Mirjana Radojčić 015 879 200;

What else should be known about the construction license issuance procedure?

- -The procedure of construction license issuance is set out by the Law on Urban Planning and Construction.
- If the plan foresees elaboration of urban planning design, investor should provide urban planning design, made by the enterprise which is authorized for elaboration of the urban planning designs.
- The procedure of elaboration of urban planning design is conducted by the Department of Urban Planning and Construction.
- -In case that construction plot should be formed or divided, zone division or re-zoning project must be made.
- -The whole procedure of construction license issuance lasts 53-61 days.

7 <u>Labor</u>

7.1 Number and structure of employed

Table 81. Number and structure of employed, 2006

	Municipality	Structure of employees in the municipality (%)	Structure of employees in the district (%)	Structure of employees in Serbia (%)
Employees - Total	16.310	100	100	100
Female	7.258	44,5	41,3	43,1
Male	9.052	55,5	58,7	56,9
Working in enterprises, institutions, cooperatives and organizations	12.148	74,48	67,96	72,66
Entrepreneurs, self-employed and workers employed by them	4.162	25,52	32,04	27,34
No. of employed by 1000 inhabitants	193	1	187	274
No. of employed in companies, institutions, cooperatives and organizations by 1000 inhabitants	143	1	127	199

7.2 Employment by sectors

Table 82. Structure of employed in enterprises, institutions, cooperatives and organizations, by sectors, 2007

organizations, by sectors,		Structure of		
	Municipality	employees in the municipality (%)	Structure of employees in the district (%)	Structure of employees in Serbia (%)
Employees - Total	16.292	100	100	100
Female	7.234	44,40	31,47	33,97
Male	9.058	55,60	68,53	66,01
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and water management	737	4,52	1,51	1,89
Fishery	0	0,00	0,03	0,04
Mining	6	0,04	0,78	0,91
Processing industry	2.753	16,90	13,32	14,40
Energy production, gas and water	629	3,86	1,78	1,78
Construction	528	3,24	2,25	3,21
Wholesale, retail, and vehicle sale and repair	1.834	11,26	7,91	7,76
Hotels and restaurants	118	0,72	0,42	0,92
Transport, storage and connections	789	4,84	4,27	4,22
Financial activities	126	0,77	0,54	1,27
Real estate operations, leasing	294	1,80	1,13	2,90
Public administration	417	2,56	2,38	2,70
Education	1.171	7,19	5,77	5,17
Health care and social protection	1.782	10,94	6,52	6,24
Other collective, public and personal services	397	2,44	1,51	2,13

7.3 Average wages

Table 83. Average wage per employee, February 2008

	Municipality (€)*	District (€)	Serbia (€)
Average gross wage (with taxes and contributions)	350,59	401,28	489,28
Average net wage (without taxes and contributions)	247,74	288,58	350,75

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS on _____

Table 84. Comparative average wage, breakdown by years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	(€)*	(€)**	(€)***	(€)****	(€)****	(€)*****	(€)******
Municipal average gross wage	109	138	164	170	224	340	367
District average gross wage	161	198	231	249	309	403	436
National average gross wage	219	255	283	308	377	491	517
Municipal average net wage	76	95	113	116	153	245	264
District average net wage	112	137	159	170	211	290	313
National average net wage	152	177	194	210	258	351	371

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2002

7.4 Wages by sectors

Table 85. Average untaxed wage by sectors, 2006

	Municipality (€)*	District (€)	Serbia (€)
Average net wage - Total	153	211	258
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and water			
management	206	152	210
Fishery	0	330	192
Mining	293	264	318
Processing industry	74	196	210
Energy production, gas and water	148	250	344
Construction	0	153	228
Wholesale, retail, and vehicle sale and repair	143	154	236
Hotels and restaurants	76	64	174
Transport, storage and connections	103	163	294
Financial activities	453	501	581
Real estate operations, leasing	69	163	302
Public administration	263	282	328
Education	246	244	268
Health care and social protection	242	255	265
Other collective, public and personal services	170	191	274

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

^{**} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2003

^{***} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2004

^{****} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2005

^{*****} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

^{******} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2007

^{******} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2008

7.5 Employment

Table 86. Free jobs, 2008

	Municipality		Share in the District (%)	Share in Serbia (%)
Free jobs - Total		7.452	26,41	0,943
Full time jobs	2.752	27,16	0,907	
	36,93	/	1	1
Short-term jobs	4.700	25,99	0,966	
	63,07	/	/	/

Table 87. Employment structure, 2008

		Municipality	Share in the District (%)	Share in Serbia (%)
Employment - To	tal	7.100	27069	737.725
Employment -	Number	3.358	11616	344.399
female	%	47,30	/	1
Employment -	Number	3.742	15.453	393.326
male	%	52,70	/	1
Full time jobs	Number	2.641	9.668	281.002
Full time jobs	%	37,20	/	1
Short-term jobs	Number	4.450	17.401	456.723
Short-term jobs	%	62,80	1	1

7.6 Unemployment

Table 88. Unemployment structure gender, December 2007

		Municipality	Share in the District (%)	Share in Serbia (%)
Unemployed - Total		11.382	30,45	1,56
Unemployed - Female	Number	6.104	29,62	1,55
Offernployed - 1 emale	%	53,63	/	1
Unemployed - Male	Number	5.278	30,51	2,05
Oriempioyed - Male	%	46,37	/	1
Seeking for job - Total			12.654	32,07
Seeking for job - Female	Number	6.877	31,36	1,33
Seeking for job - I emale	%	54,35	/	1
Seeking for job - Male	Number	5.777	32,96	1,61
Seeking for job - Male	%	45,65	/	1
Share in total job seekers	%	89,95	/	1
(%)	%	88,76	/	1
(70)	%	91,36	/	1

Table 89. Number of unemployed by age, breakdown by years

	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Unemployed - Total	15.872	15.466	15.662	12.661	11.382	11.644
Unemployed - Female	8.267	8.267	8.153	6.806	6.104	6.052
Unemployed - Male	7.605	7.199	7.509	5.855	5.278	5.592

7.7 Unemployment rate

Table 90. Unemployment rate, 2007

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Unemployment rate - Total	39,5	31,6	25,9

7.8 Unemployment by education level

Table 91. Unemployed by level of education, 2007

	Municipality	Share in total number of unemployed (%)
TOTAL	11.944	100
Without primary education	1.576	13,19
Primary education	1.582	13,25
Secondary education	7.871	65,90
Associate degree	585	4,90
University degree	330	2,76
Post graduate studies		

7.9 Unemployment by length of unemployment

Table 92. Unemployed by years of waiting for job, 2007

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Municipality	Share in total number of unemployed (%)	
TOTAL	11.944	100	
First job	3.738	31,3	
up to 1 year	3.955	33,11	
1 - 2 years	2.108	17,65	
2 - 3 years	935	7,83	
3 - 5 years a	1.493	12,50	
5 - 8 years	1.669	13,97	
8 - 10 years a	448	3,75	
over 10 years	1.341	11,23	

7.10 Unemployment by age structure

Table 93. Unemployed by age, 2007

Age	Municipality	Share in total number of unemployed (%)
TOTAL	11.944	100
- 18	670	5,61
19 - 25	1.279	10,71
25 - 30	1.252	10,48
30 - 40	2.916	24,41
40 - 50	3.231	27,05
over 50	2.596	21,73

8 Public resources

8.1 Traffic infrastructure

8.1.1 Road infrastructure

The traffic system in the Loznica region has changed throughout the time. Two important highway roads go through this region. Global position of the first one is north south, while the second is east-west. The first road connects the Panonian plain along the river Danube (Vojvodina) with eastern Bosnia and Herzegovina and south Adriatic sea. The second highway is Peri-Panonian and extends from Lapovo (valley of Velika Morava) to Banja Luka and further towards west. These two highways, as well as some other regional and local roads, crosses in Loznica. That is why Loznica city centre has very favourable trafficgeographical structure

Although the Loznica region is not situated on the busiest roads of south-eastern Europe, it had been a crossroad of flows of goods, people, money and news, ever since the Antique period to nowadays. The main direction was N-S, and later on E-W. Some domicile, Loznica-based resources, were the reason for the said traffic activities (for example, metal ore in the Zajaca region, production of plums, timber, etc.). In terms of traffic-geographical position, the City has exceptionally good location.

Highway road Obrenovac-Sabac-Loznica-Mali Zvornik (M-19) passes through the territory of the City in north-south direction, and highway road Mali Zvornik-Banja Koviljača-Loznica-Valjevo-Lazarevac-Aranđelovac (M-4). The main, busiest traffic line is highway Šabac-Loznica-Mali Zvornik (M-19).

The overall length of the highway lines within the City territory amount to 80 km. All places in the Loznica region are connected to highway, regional and local roads.



Picture no 3. Current and planned road network in Serbia

The overall length of the highway lines and local lines in the territory of the Loznica town is 354 km. .



Table 94. Length of roads, 2006

		Municipality (km)	Share in total length of roads in the district (%)	District (km)
Length of road	ls - Total	524	17,85	2.935
Asphalted roads		341	23,50	1.451
Hi-way	Total	80	29,96	267
	Asphalted roads	80	29,96	267
Regional	Total	100	18,90	529
roads	Asphalted roads	81	17,72	457
Local roads	Total	344	16,08	2.139
Lucai iuaus	Asphalted roads	180	24,76	727

8.1.2 Rail transportation and infrastructure

Table 95. Turnover of goods and passengers in rail transport, 2005

	Municipality	Municipal share in total in the district (%)	District
Number of railway stations	1	7,69	13
Number of passengers	26.796	7,02	381.578
Number of cargo units	14.317	15,35	93.249

There is only one railway road on the territory of the Loznica city ,which is in fact a section of the railway Ruma-Šabac-Loznica-Mali Zvornik. This is connecting railway road which is by its north end linked to highway railroad Beograd-Zagreb-Ljubljana. This Srem-Podrinje railroad connects Vojvodina and Belgrade with lower Podrinje. Proposals have been made to build railway roads Valjevo-Loznica, Mali Zvornik-Tuzla, which would significantly improve traffic lines in the Loznica city.

The railway road Šabac-Loznica-Mali Zvornik, as narrow-gauge railroad was built in 1910. In 1949, the railway road was modernized, by normal track. However, in term of quality and scope of traffic it is still in the group of less quality railroads in our country. Despite this, the railroad had huge traffic and economic significance as long as until the end of 50s, i.e. until strong development of road traffic in Loznica region.

8.1.3 Water traffic

Although border river, the river Drina is for the whole City of Loznica of special economic significance. It is not only the inexhaustible source of energy and water supply but also the main decoration of this region, centre of recreation and water sports, same as perspective traffic route. Drina used to be known by rafting-transportation of timber. In 1827 Drina was navigable to Zvornik, and in 1891 it was navigable from Zvornik to the entry into Sava also for steamers, the traffic was carried out by the steamship "Kazan".

Forty years ago, UN European Commission for tourism highlighted Drina as unique potential. Drina provides possibilities for development of rare and very popular types of tourism that attract sophisticated clients and bring substantial financial rewards. At the length of 345 km Drina has over 150 km *rafting routes*, over 170 km of *kayak river routs* (out of which 70 km on quick waters) and about 150 km *reservoir-lake* slow water currents, suitable for the needs of power plants.

8.2 Utility infrastructure

8.2.1 Water and sewage

Water supply network

- 762 km of water supply network in the City and the other places. The water supply system is used by the total number of 95% in urban area and 65% in rural area. The overall number of residents who use the water supply service is 69.584
- The total number of connected households is 23.079
- Water supply is good even in poor hydro-meteorological conditions (during drought)



Works under project aimed at reduction of network loss are underway. Water supply project for places in Gornji Jadar is planned as well as project related to supervision and management of the water supply system.

Sewage system

- The total length of the sewage line is 61 km
- 30% of the population use the sewage system. The overall number of resident who use the services of drainage of waste waters is 27.540
 - The total number of connections to waste waters is 10.395
- Construction of sewage collector system and erection of pump station on the drainage of waste waters is underway. This will enable transportation of waste in two suburban places with about 15.000 residents

8.2.2 District heating

During eighties of the past century for the needs of Winter Olympic games in Sarajevo, a highway gas line Batajnica-Sarajevo, nominal diameter DN 400 mm and working pressure of 50 bars, passed through the territory of the Loznica municipality and the City of Loznica itself. By the end of eighties and on the basis of construction of three GMRS 50/6 bars and connection of Holding company "Viskoza" and PP "Luk" to it, and somewhat later also IGM "1. Maj" in Lesnica, technical conditions were created for the gasification of the municipality and the City of Loznica



The works on gasification of the City of Loznica started on 28/09/2004, and already on December 17 of the same year, the first phase of the distribution network was built, its length about 7.500,00 m and natural gas was connected.

In this moment Loznica has about 200 km of distribution gas network and house gas connections, with over 2.500 closed contracts, about 1.000 of connected households and about 20 connected industrial and communal users.

8.2.2.2 Remote heating system

Public utilities enterprise TOPLANA (heating plant) specializes in production and delivery of thermal energy. The city of Loznica has 22.000 residents. Heating system in Loznica was set up in 1977. So far more than 15% of the households from the whole City have been connected to thermal energy system. The overall heated residential area is about $50.852 \, \text{m}^2$ while overall heated area of business and public facilities amounts to approximately $60.793 \, \text{m}^2$.

8.2.3 Power infrastructure

Current energetics situation:

Territory of the Loznica municipality is currently fed through three TS 110/35 kV as follows:

- TS 110/35 kV Loznica (1) covering 70% of the territory of the municipality
- TS 110/35 kV Krupanj covering one part of the south east and east part of the Municipality TS 110/35/10 kV Lešnica, covering one part of the north and north eastern part of the Municipality

Estimated low voltage network is 3.000 km

Current capacities of electrical-energetics facilities and network shall not be sufficient for meeting requirements planned in the forthcoming period, new capacities must therefore be built.

Loznica municipality is undergoing stage of construction of industrial zone directly along TS 110/35 kV Loznica (1) and one production plan is already under construction on "Greenfield " investment basis, a request was made for EPS-PD «Elektrosrbija» Ltd. Kraljevo to provide required foreseen power of 6 MVA at 35 kV level, to be delivered through electricity substation 35/10 (0,4) kV "Vally" that will be within the plant (this is electricity substation built by the investor for his own needs, maximal power 8MVA). A construction of electricity substation 35/10 kV Loznica 5, power 2h8MVA is planned for the feeding by electricity of the remaining part of the mentioned zone.

8.2.4 Tele-communication systems

Departments of Public Post Office company exist in all inhabited places, and City Post office and 3 branch offices are operative in the City itself. The City Post office is of the first rank and it provides all services related to parcels, telephone and telegraphic notices, savings department, payment operations bureau , sales and distribution of post stamps and letters of value, construction. reconstruction and repair of Post office equipment, tools and devices, as well as activities connected to modern computer technology. Modern digital telephone exchange is installed in the City, which allowed connection to 19 304 users.

Radio television Podrinje-Loznica and TQ televisions are active in Loznica, specializing in "sales of items of information" in the broadest sense of the word.

The plan of capital investments for 2009 made by the City administration foresees introduction of system 98 which implies installation of computer system of communication with subjects (local offices, public enterprises, schools, public institutions ...)

Table 96. Postal services. 2006

		Municipality	Share in the district (%)
Number of post offices		10	18,18
Number of registered users		26.609	26,49
Postal	letters	1.302.000	28,25
turnover	packages	3.000	12

8.3 Energy

Table 97. Energy use, 2007

1 4510 011 =1101 97 400, 2001	
	Municipality
Electricity (MWh)	240.646,71
- out of which households	128.116,81
- out of which companies	69.546,90
Rated capacity	82,5731
Price	1,57 din.
Gas (1,000 m3)	200 km mreže
Rated capacity	
	4,1%
Price	
	38,61
Drinking water (1,000 m3)	
Rated capacity	60%
Price	89,13/ 29,71
Heating (Gcal)	24.365
- out of which households	14.862
- out of which companies	9.503
Rated capacity	85%
Price	121/58,33

8.4 Health care and social welfare

Table 98. Health care capacities, 2007

	Number of beds	Share in total beds (%)	Number of beds per 100 inhabitants
Acute	196	46,23	2,2
Chronic	198	46,7	2,3
Psychiatric	30	7,08	0,35
Social	1	1	1
TOTAL	424	100	4,9



Table 99. Investments in health care and social welfare, 2006

	Municipality (€)*
Expenditures (investments) – health care and social protection	35.593.776
* Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006	

Table 100. Physicians, dentists and pharmacists in health care, 2006

	Municipality	Share in total number of physicians (%)
Physicians – Total	183	100
Physicians – general medicine	21	11,48
Physicians – on specialization	19	10,38
Physicians – specialists	143	78,14
Dentists	18	1
Pharmacists	34	1
Number of citizens per one physician in the municipality	463	1
Number of citizens per one physician in the district	530	1
Number of citizens per one physician in Serbia	377	1

Table 101. Users of social welfare – minors, 2006

	Municipality	Share in total users (%)
Total	1.443	100
Family problems	909	62,99
Children with learning difficulties	250	17,33
Children with mental difficulties	91	6,31
Children with disability	76	5,27
Children with multiple problems	53	3,67
Other juvenile users of social protection	64	4,44

Table 102. Users of social welfare - adults, 2006

	Municipality	Share in total number of users (%)
Total	2.262	100
Persons with difficulties in behavior	79	3,49
Persons with physical and mental disability	343	15,16
Persons without income	538	23,78
Persons without family care	42	1,86
Old persons	379	16,76
Other adult users of social protection	881	38,95

8.5 Education facilities

Table 103. Capacity of education institutions, broken by years

	Number of institutions	Number of education profiles	Number of students
Pre-school institutions	6	1	1.413
Primary schools	43	I	7.414
Secondary schools	5	45	3.840
Higher schools (up to 2 yrs)	-	-	-
Faculties	-	-	-

Table 104. Investments in education, 2006

	Municipality (€)*	District (€)	Serbia (€)
Expenditures (investments) in education - Total	8.424	30.378	1.012.486
Expenditures (investments) in primary education	5.731	19.508	486.854
Expenditures (investments) in primary education per			
pupil	793	721	777

^{*} Medium exchange rate NBS in 2006

Table 105. Number and structure of education institutions, 2006

		Municipality	Share in total institutions in the district (%)	
Primary schools	Total	43	72,88	
Tilliary schools	classes	364		
Secondary schools	Total	5	8,47	
Secondary schools	classes	138		
Specialized schools	Total	5	8,47	
Specialized schools	classes	10		
Schools for adults	Total	-		
Schools for addits	classes	-		
Higher schools			-	
Faculties			-	
Institutions for pre-schoo	l children		6	
Students in boarding schools			-	
Pupils in boarding schoo	ls	59	-	

Table 106. Number of pupils, students and users of education institutions, 2006

		Municipality	Share u total number of pupils/students/users in the district (%)
Primary schools - pupils	Total	7.414	26,65
Tilliary Schools - pupils	Finished school	1.012	26,49
Secondary schools -	Total	3.840	32,87
pupils	Finished school	1.094	35,38
Special schools - pupils	Total	54	35,53
Special schools - publis	Finished school	19	45
Schools for adults Total	Total	-	
Schools for adults - Total	Finished school	-	
	Total	-	
Higher schools - students	Scholarship from the budget	-	
	Finished school	-	
	Total	-	
Faculties - students	Scholarship from the budget	-	
	Finished school	-	
Pupils and Students - Total			11.308
Pre-school institutions	Juvenile users	1.414	20,96

Table 107. Average number of pupils, students and residents in education institutions, 2006

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Number of pupils per primary school	7.414	27.816	639.293
Number of pupils per in primary school class	20,37	19,78	20,97
Number of pupils per secondary school	3.840	11.684	286.851
Number of pupils per secondary school class	27,83	25,79	26,2
Number of pupils per specialized school	54	152	9.172
Number of pupils per specialized school class	5,4	5,85	6,47

Table 108. Number of pupils in primary schools, 2008

			Municipality	Share u total number of pupils in primary schools in the district (%)
Primary	school	Total	6.827	26,69
pupils	501001	Female pupils	3.299	26,79
pupiis		Male pupils	3528	26,59

9 **Environment**

9.1 Air quality (pollution)

Chemical industry Viskoza used to be major source of contamination in Loznica. With cessation of the work of this factory, the quality of air in this town was substantially improved. Air contamination by combustion sources of fossil fuels poses major environmental threat in the residential section of the town. Analyses of standard polluters (soot and overall sediment matter) in air are conducted at three points in Loznica. The results of measurements indicate that average daily concentration of soot in winter period on specific places exceed the allowable level of 50 μ g/m³ air.

9.2 Soil quality

PEDOLOGICAL COMPOSITION OF SOIL IN THE LOZNICA MUNICIPALITY

The Loznica municipality covers the area of 61.221 hectares. Out of the overall area of municipality, 36.859 hectares are agricultural land (59%). Predominant forms of land are arable plots and gardens, with participation of as much as 4/5.



Pedological composition of the land on the territory of Loznica town.

I. Brown rusty land	on limestone (kalkokambisol)	21,9 %
2. Dystrict Planoso	l	36,9 %
3.Clay alluvium		17,1 %
4. Parapodzol		16,5 %
5. Other types of s	oil	7,6 %

9.3 Water quality

Potable water from the City water supply network is checked every day. The inspection is carried out by the Health Care Bureau in Sabac and BATUT Institute of Beograd. According to hitherto testing, the water is acceptably from the microbiological and hygienic point of view and is accepted as water of good quality.



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9.4 Solid waste management

Public utilities enterprise "Nas Dom" runs organized removal of communal waste only in the urban area. This service is not provided to rural areas. The current regime of collection of communal waste involves 30% residents of the Loznica town, i.e. residents. The City has one dumping place, 2 km from the Loznica centre. The dump site covers the area of 4,5 ha out of which 2.5 hectares are under waste material. The waste material is covered occasionally by inert material. A project of readjustment and remediation of the current dump site has been made. Setting up of new regional dump site is planned, as well as enlargement of the zone of mandatory removal of solid waste in local communities of Gornja Koviljaca, L.Sor, Jelav and Draginac.



10 Travel

The countryside of the part of Podrinje involving certain areas of Loznia municipality, along with Jadar, Western Serbia area of historical significance, is versatile and picturesque. The plains, valleys, hillside and mountain side relief of the Loznica municipality, interchange and interact in a specific way, making this area recognizable and appealing to tourists.

Along with versatile countryside, of harmonious relief forms, fertile land, natural and anthropogenic values, stimulating and sedative climate, small rivers and streams, stormy historic past should be pinpointed as well. It is recognizable by people and events and monuments and manifestations dedicated to them, it enhances image of the Loznica municipality on domestic tourist market.

Following places are more distinguished that other tourist destinations in the Loznica municipality and its vicinity.



SPA – Banja Koviljača and Banja Badanja RIVER DRINA MOUNTAINS –Gučevo i Cer

ETHNO VILLAGE TRŠIĆ

MONASTERIES – Tronoša, Čokešina

ARCHAEOLOGICAL LOCALITIES – Paulje, kod Brezjaka

REMAINS OF OLD TOWNS AND FORTRESSES – Vidojevica, The town of Kosana, The town of Trojan, The Town of Koviljka (Gradac)

CULTURAL MONUMENTS – Monument of First Serbian Uprising in Cokesina, Monument to fallen victims in Draginac, etc.

CHARNEL HOUSE FROM I WORLD WAR – on the mountains of Gučevo and Cer

MUSEUMS – Regional Museum of Jadar in Loznica, museum exhibitions in: Tršić: Museum of Vuk's festivals and Vuk's birth house with farmstead, the Museum of Dositej, etc.

GALLERY – Art Gallery – legacy of Mico Popovic and Vera Bozickovic Popovic in Loznica CULTURAL –TOURIST EVENTS – The Days of Vukov sabor, Đački Vukov sabor, The Days of Mico, The Days of Cvijic, International folk festival »Europe dances«, The Days of October, commemoration of the battles in Cer and Gucevo

MONUMENTS TO IMPORTANT PERSON – Vuk Karadžić, Jovan Cvijić, Filip Višnjić, Stepa Stepanović

OLD BUILDING – Elementary building »Anta Bogićević«, old Grammar school »Vuk Karadžić«, the house of the Katic family – gallery Miće Popovića, Muzej Jadra, Vukov dom kulture i dr.; old villas in Banji Koviljači: Bosna, Koviljača, Podrinje, Gučevo, Stražilovo etc., sulphurous bath »King Peter the First«, spa restaurant»Kur-salon« etc.

10.1 Number of visitors

Table 109. Number and structure of tourists and overnight stays, 2006

		Municipality	District	Serbia
Nivershamas	Total	22.884	37.999	2.006.488
Number of tourists	Local	19.023	32.371	1.537.646
tourists	Foreign	3.861	5.628	468.842
Number of overnight stays	Total	142.770	184.082	6.592.622
	Local	115.228	152.432	5.577.310
	Foreign	27.542	31.650	1.015.312
Average T	Total	13,2	10,3	5,8
number of	Local	6,1	4,7	3,6
overnight stays	Foreign	7,1	5,6	2,2

Number of tourists in the Loznica municipality and Banja Koviljaca in the period from 1980-1990 and 1996-2006.

		Touriet	0	Nighto		Total	Total		Averag length	
Year	Place	Tourist D	S	Nights D	S	number	nights	_	D	S
		20.005	_	454.404		of visits			_	,
1980.	Loznica Banja	30.025	803	151.191	2.088	30.828	153.199		5,0	2,5
	Koviljača	26.094	781	116.311	1.978	26.875	118.289		4,5	2,5
1981.	Loznica Banja	34.985	1.164	188.566	2.843	36.149	191.409		5,4	2,4
	Koviljača	26.600	1.200	129.970	1.130	27.800	131.100		4,9	1,0
1982.	Loznica	24.327	1.733	140.155	25.806	26.060	165.961		5,8	14,9
	Banja Koviljača	22.159	1.719	13.934	25.753	23.878	139.687		5,1	14,9
1983.	Loznica	31.302	1.249	176.801	14.128	32.551	190.929		5,7	11,3
	Banja Koviljača	28.964	1.247	152.017	14.122	30.211	166.139		5,2	11,3
1984.	Loznica	37.840	1.812	195.062	26.016	39.652	221.078		5,2	14,4
	Banja Koviljača	35.176	1.808	172.084	26.006	36.984	198.090		4,9	14,3
1985.	Loznica	42.215	838	269.871	2.344	43.053	272.215		6,4	2,8
	Banja Koviljača	39.935	798	247.796	2.290	40.733	250.086		6,2	2,8
1986.	Loznica	38.647	764	234.233	1.607	39.411	235.929		6,1	2,1
	Banja Koviljača	30.335	657	175.179	1.196	31.010	176.375		5,8	1,8
1987.	Loznica	41.808	848	214.986	3.054	42.656	218.040		5,1	3,6
	Banja Koviljača	26.591	588	148.149	1.110	27.179	149.259		5,6	1,9
	Loznica	45.327	804	228.857	4.643	46.131	233.500		5,0	5,8
1988.	Banja Koviljača	32.379	610	167.458	4.325	32.989	170.984		5,2	5,8
1989.	Loznica	44.614	1.195	188.320	5.091	45.809	193.411	-	4,2	4,3
	Banja Koviljača	34.126	701	155.433	3.890	34.827	159.433		4,6	5,5
1990.	Loznica	40.116	560	194.820	1.424	40.676	196.244		4,9	2,5
	Banja Koviljača	28.353	421	152.122	1.137	28.774	153.259		5,4	2,7
1996.	Loznica Banja	20.452	7.031	163.454	83.450	26.965	246.904		7,8	12,8

	Koviljača	15.669	4.897	149.111	80.255	20.566	229.366	9,5	16,4
1997.	Loznica	21.215	5.663	148.431	67.825	26.878	216.256	7,0	12,0
	Banja Koviljača	15.327	4.741	133.559	66.439	20.068	199.998	8,7	14,0
1998.	Loznica	21.326	5.071	170.773	61.090	26.397	231.863	8,8	12,0
	Banja Koviljača	15.775	4.483	158.642	60.384	20.258	219.026	10,8	13,5
1999.	Loznica	18.427	4.495	151.109	44.585	22.922	195.694	8,2	9,9
	Banja Koviljača	15.775	4.483	141.277	43.856	17.918	198.154	10,1	11,1
2000.	Loznica	21.131	4.864	188.010	23.502	25.995	211.512	8,9	4,8
	Banja Koviljača	16.398	4.196	175.918	22.236	20.594	198.154	10,7	5,3
2001.	Loznica	18.635	4.282	147.088	24.451	22.917	171.539	7,9	5,7
	Banja Koviljača	15.223	3.763	134.830	23.544	22.476	158.374	8,9	6,3
2002.	Loznica	22.620	3.867	155.889	23.975	26.487	287.707	5,8	6,2
	Banja Koviljača	18.978	3.498	120.390	23.106	22.476	143.496	6,3	6,6
2003.	Loznica	19.023	3.861	115.228	27.542	22.884	142.770	6,1	7,1
	Banja Koviljača	16.190	3.352	106.694	26.039	19.542	132.733	6,6	7,8
2004.	Loznica	22.822	4.205	148.139	23.554	27.027	171.693	6,5	6,6
	Banja Koviljača	19.234	3.545	137.688	21.643	22.779	159.331	7,2	6,1
2005.	Loznica	22.178	3.801	151.653	22.938	25.979	174.591	6,8	6,0
	Banja Koviljača	17.054	3.248	135.054	21.433	20.302	156.497	7,9	6,6
2006.	Loznica	21.738	3.404	202.265	23.937	25.142	226.102	9,3	7,0
	Banja Koviljača	16.501	2.851	187.775	22.322	19.352	210.097	11,4	7,8
2007.	Banja Koviljača	18.000	3.000	159.000	18.000	21.000	177.000	8,8	6,0
2008.	Banja Koviljača	19.000	3.000	158.000	20.000	22.000	178.000	8,3	6,7
2009.	Loznica					6.800	13.412		
	Banja					27.216	204.868		
	Koviljača Gučevo					4.125	22.285		
	Cuccvo								

10.2 Hotel capacities

Table 110. Hotel capacities, 2007

Destination	Number of hotels	Number of beds	Utilization rate (%)
Loznica	2	223	
Banja Koviljača		1.011	
Banja Badanja		625	
Gučevo	2	410	
Tršić		25	
Drina- Sunčana reka	1	30	
TOTAL	5	2.324	

10.3 THE STRUCTURE OF HOTEL CAPACITIES IN THE LOZNICA MUNICIPALITY

HOTEL "PODRINJE" – Banja Koviljača (160 beds + 80 auxiliary 1/1 – 4 rooms 1/2 – 65 rooms 1/3 – 4 rooms A – 7



SPECIAL HOSPITAL - Banja Koviljača (Villa Hercegovina, Villa Dalmacija , Novi zavod and hotel Standard (550 beds)



RESORT "GUČEVO" – Banja Koviljača (135 beds+ 86) 1/1 – 39 rooms 1/2 - 42 rooms A – 5



RESORTS "VIDIKOVAC" – Gučevo (59 bed)

1/2 - 2

1/3 - 4

1/4 - 4

1/5 - 3

1/6/- 2



LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICE

RESORT "MN" GUČEVO – Gučevo (130 beds) 1/2 , 1/3 , 1/4 rooms with bathrooms



AD DRINUM – Loznica (200 beds)

1/1 - 3

1/2 - 20

1/3 - 41

1/4 - 6

A - 4



HOTEL "**BRAVO**" – LOZNICA (23 beds) 1/1 i 1/2 rooms



AUTO CAMP "SUNČANA REKA" – Gornja Koviljača (30 beds)
Guest houses with double rooms with bathroom



INN "MIŠIĆ" – Tršić (18 beds)



INN "MILICA" – Tršić (7 beds)



11 Quality of life

11.1 Public capacities and recreation programs

11.1.1 Sports capacities (play courts, recreation centers, stadiums)

Loznica is a town of sports. It is confirmed by numerous sports clubs and results achieved, as well as by a high number of competitions. The most important sports fields are: Loznica

Football stadium - FC "Loznica" - Loznica, FC

"Stobeks"Klupci,

Sport Centre "Lagator"

Tennis court "Plavaribica " - Drina

Block of open swimming pools - Lagator

Banja Koviljaca

Football stadium: FC "Gucevo"

Gucevo

Sport-recreation grounds of the hostel "Vidikovac" Sport-recreation grounds of the hostel "MN-Gucevo" Sport-recreation grounds for walkers, hiking paths, cycline tracks, jeep tracks...

Closed and opened hunting-ground: Cer-Vidojevica,

Gucevo

Drina

Sports fishing, swimming sports...









11.2 Churches and temples

Loznica's church dedicated to Shroud of Holy Mother from 1873 is located near the primary school "Anta Bogicevic". There are three small and one big belfry and the church was erected on hill so it can be seen from everywhere



The monastery Tronosa is located 17 km far from Loznica. According to the legend, constructing of the monastery is ascribed to king Dragutin. His wife Katelina finished it in 1317.

The monastery Tronosa is connected with one of the most beautiful national custom: collective collecting and contributing of wax or money to the monastery for MaunThursday, for making wax candles called agricultural or ploughman's candles. Even in the hardest historical days of the region this custom never ceased. Only the candles were smaller, they hardly weighted few kilogrames, while today's weight is about 50 kilogrames and are over 2 metres high.



The Cokesina monastery with the church dedicated to Birth of Holy Mother is located at the foot of Cer mountain, not far away from Prnj avor (25 km far from Loznica). The monastery dates from the first half of the 15th century.



11.3 City gathering centers

Banja's hall " Kur-salon"

The syimbol of Banja Koviljca is widely known Banja"s hall, called Kur-salon. It was built for entertainmentof its guests and landed gentry and it has remained the spirit of past times and luxurous ball . There are : the main auditorium (dancing hall vith 450 seats), the restaurant hall (220 seats), the pension hall (150 seats), two balkonies that are used during summer time.



11.3.1 **Cultural centers**

Dom kulture: This "Temple of culture" was built in 1937. In addition to cinema and theater perforansces there are concerts and various curturak events.









11.3.2 Museums

MUSEUMS - Regional Museum of Jadar in Loznica, museum exhibitions in: Tršić: Museum of Vuk's festivals and Vuk's birth house with farmstead, the Museum of Dositej, etc.



MONUMENTS TO IMPORTANT PERSON - Vuk Karadžić, Jovan Cvijić, Filip Višnjić, Stepa Stepanović

GALLERY - Art Gallery - legacy of Mico Popovic and Vera Bozickovic Popovic in Loznica





11.4 Cultural activities (events, celebrations, festivals, parades, ceremonies, concerts)

CULTURAL -TOURIST EVENTS - The Days of Vukov sabor, Đački Vukov sabor, The Days of Mico, The Days of Cvijic, International folk festival »Europe dances«, The Days of October, commemoration of the battles in Cer and Gucevo







11.4.1 **Cinemas**

Table 111. Number of cinemas, cinema seats, projections and visitors, 2006

	Municipality	District	Serbia
Number of cinemas	1	4	120
Number of seats in cinemas	321	1.151	48.398
Number of film projections	275	806	59.173
Number of viewers	8.465.000	16.569.000	1.720.223.000
Non-utilization rate (%)	9,6	11,6	7,1
Number of viewers per 1000 inhabitants	11	5	25



